STIC-Biotech/ChemLib

160 890

From:

Chan, Christina

Sent: To: Thursday, July 28, 2005 6:57 PM Nickol, Gary; STIC-Biotech/ChemLib

Subject:

RE: RUSH: 09/675470

Please rush. Thanks Chris

Chris Chan SPE, 1644 TC 1600 New Hire Training Coordinator 571-272-0841 Remsen 3E89

----Original Message-----

From: Nickol, Gary

Sent: Thursday, July 28, 2005 12:57 PM

To:

Chan, Christina

Subject:

RUSH: 09/675470

This case is due at the end of the biweek. Please rush!

Please search the following as structures (and sequences, if possible--SEQ ID NOs: 1, 2, & 4) in the Registry file:

- a) NH3-norleucine-tyrosine-isoleucine-histidine-COO
- b) NH3-norleucine-tyrosine-isoleucine-(6-amino-hexanoic acid)-CONH2
- c) norleucine-tyrosine-leucine- ψ -(CH₂-NH₂)³⁻⁴ -histidine-proline-phenylalanine-COO

and a method of using them to inhibit angiogenesis/neovascularization.

Thanks,

Gary B. Nickol Art Unit 1642 Remsen, 3A11, Mailbox 3C18 (571)272-0835

Searcher Phone: 2-'2-504

Searcher Phone: 2-'2-504

Date Searcher Picked up: 3-124

Date Completed: 7-124

Searcher Prep/Rev. Time: 2-5

Online Time: 4-40

Type of Search

NA#:____ AA#:_____
Interference:___ SPDI:__
S/L:____ Oligomer:__
Encode/Transi:____
Structure#:___ Text:__
Inventor:___ Litigation:___

=> fil reg FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:09:56 ON 29 JUL 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 28 JUL 2005 HIGHEST RN 857521-63-2 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 28 JUL 2005 HIGHEST RN 857521-63-2

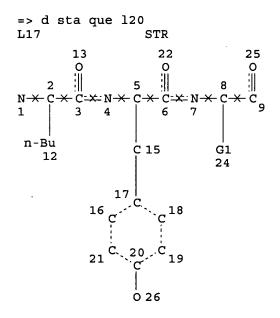
New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 18, 2005

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html



VAR G1=I-BU/S-BU NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 22

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

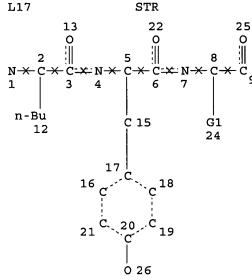
L19 46 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L17

L20 12 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 AND (C26H43N3O5 OR

C28H40N4O4 OR C29H42N4O5 OR C29H42N4O4 OR C27H47N5O4 OR C34H50N4O7 OR C34H50N4O6 OR C29H42N4O5 OR C28H40N4O4 OR

C21H33N3O5 OR C21H34N4O4)

=> d sta que 121



VAR G1=I-BU/S-BU NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 22

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L19 46 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L17

L21 2 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 AND C41H56N8O8

=> d 120 ide can tot

L20 ANSWER 1 OF 12 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 791762-46-4 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 03 Dec 2004

CN L-Isoleucinamide, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl-N-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C28 H40 N4 O4

CI COM SR CA

Absolute stereochemistry.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L20 ANSWER 2 OF 12 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 748112-76-7 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 19 Sep 2004

CN L-Leucinamide, L-norleucyl-3-hydroxy-L-tyrosyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)- (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C29 H42 N4 O5

CI COM

SR CA

Absolute stereochemistry.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L20 ANSWER 3 OF 12 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 742041-00-5 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 10 Sep 2004

CN L-Leucinamide, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C29 H42 N4 O4

CI COM SR CA

Absolute stereochemistry.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L20 ANSWER 4 OF 12 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 190140-91-1 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 20 Jun 1997

CN L-Isoleucinamide, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl-N-(6-aminohexyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C27 H47 N5 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Absolute stereochemistry.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 127:1228

L20 ANSWER 5 OF 12 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 187678-68-8 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 27 Mar 1997

CN L-Leucinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-norleucyl-3-hydroxy-L-tyrosyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C34 H50 N4 O7

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 126:186379

· L20 ANSWER 6 OF 12 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 187678-36-0 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 27 Mar 1997

CN L-Leucinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C34 H50 N4 O6

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

jan delaval - 29 july 2005

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 126:186379

L20 ANSWER 7 OF 12 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 187677-79-8 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 27 Mar 1997

CN L-Leucinamide, L-norleucyl-3-hydroxy-L-tyrosyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C29 H42 N4 O5 . Cl H

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

CRN (748112-76-7)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 126:186379

L20 ANSWER 8 OF 12 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 187677-68-5 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 27 Mar 1997

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C28 H40 N4 O4 . Cl H

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

CRN (791762-46-4)

● HCl

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 126:186379

L20 ANSWER 9 OF 12 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 187677-62-9 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 27 Mar 1997

CN L-Leucinamide, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)-, monohydrochloride

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C29 H42 N4 O4 . Cl H

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

CRN (742041-00-5)

Absolute stereochemistry.

HCl

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 126:186379

L20 ANSWER 10 OF 12 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 154272-77-2 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 08 Apr 1994

CN L-Isoleucine, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN L-Isoleucine, N-(N-L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl) -

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C21 H33 N3 O5

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 132:132780

REFERENCE 2: 120:237098

L20 ANSWER 11 OF 12 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 154272-76-1 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 08 Apr 1994

CN L-Isoleucinamide, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C21 H34 N4 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 132:132780

REFERENCE 2: 131:54097

REFERENCE 3: 125:77271

REFERENCE 4: 120:237098

L20 ANSWER 12 OF 12 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 92779-23-2 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 17 Dec 1984

CN L-Leucine, N-[O-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl]-, methyl

ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C26 H43 N3 O5

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 101:211689

=> d l21 sqide can tot

L21 ANSWER 1 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 160039-68-9 REGISTRY

CN Angiotensin II, 1-de-L-aspartic acid-2-de-L-arginine-3-D-norleucine-5-L-isoleucine- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN [D-Nle1, Ile3] -angiotensin IV

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH

SQL 6

NTE

type ----- location ----- description

uncommon Nle-1

SEQ 1 XYIHPF

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

MF C41 H56 N8 O8

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

DT.CA CAplus document type: Journal

RL.NP Roles from non-patents: BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); PRP

(Properties)

Absolute stereochemistry.

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 122:46717

L21 ANSWER 2 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 154272-72-7 REGISTRY

CN Angiotensin IV, 1-L-norleucine-3-L-isoleucine- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Angiotensin II, 1-de-L-aspartic acid-2-de-L-arginine-3-L-norleucine-5-L-isoleucine-

OTHER NAMES:

CN [Nle1, Ile3] - Angiotensin IV

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH

SQL 6 NTE

type ----- location ----- description

uncommon Nle-1 - -

SEQ 1 XYIHPF

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

MF C41 H56 N8 O8

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

DT.CA CAplus document type: Conference; Journal; Patent

RL.P Roles from patents: BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

RL.NP Roles from non-patents: BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); PRP

(Properties); USES (Uses)

Absolute stereochemistry.

17 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

17 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 141:82810

REFERENCE 2: 140:332967

REFERENCE 3: 139:317971

REFERENCE 4: 139:95766

REFERENCE 5: 136:211023

```
REFERENCE
          6: 134:305729
REFERENCE
            7: 134:276139
REFERENCE
            8: 134:66685
REFERENCE
          9: 132:132780
REFERENCE 10: 131:153977
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:38:53 ON 29 JUL 2005)
                SET COST OFF
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:39:12 ON 29 JUL 2005
                E PRENDERGAST P/AU
L1
             28 S E3, E6, E7
                E READING C/AU
L2
             76 S E3, E7, E11, E13, E15-E17
                E FRINCKE J/AU
L3
             41 S E3, E4, E6-E8
               E HOLLIS/PA,CS
L4
             12 S E5-E12
L5
             42 S E3, E4 NOT L4
L6
            132 S L1-L4
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:41:15 ON 29 JUL 2005
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:41:38 ON 29 JUL 2005
                SET SMARTSELECT ON
L7
            SEL L6 1- RN :
                             1783 TERMS
                SET SMARTSELECT OFF
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:41:43 ON 29 JUL 2005
L8
           1783 S L7
L9
            240 S L8 AND SQL/FA
L10
            161 S L9 AND PROTEIN/FS
L11
             41 S L10 AND SOL<=10
               E 'NLE'TIH/SQEP
L12
               STR
               STR L12
L13
             0 S L13
L14
L15
               STR L13
             0 S L15
L16
L17
               STR L15
             0 S L17
L18
L19
             46 S L17 FUL
               SAV TEMP L19 NICKOL675/A
L20
             12 S L19 AND (C26H43N3O5 OR C28H40N4O4 OR C29H42N4O5 OR C29H42N4O4
L21
             2 S L19 AND C41H56N8O8
     FILE 'HCAOLD' ENTERED AT 13:01:08 ON 29 JUL 2005
L22
             0 S L20
L23
              0 S L21
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:01:11 ON 29 JUL 2005
L24
             7 S L20
L25
             17 S L21
```

```
L26
              0 S L6 AND L24
L27
              0 S L6 AND L25
L28
             14 S L24, L25 AND (PY<=1999 OR PRY<=1999 OR AY<=1999)
                E NEOVASCULAR/CT
                E E4+ALL
L29
           3407 S E2
L30
         137932 S E6+OLD, NT, PFT, RT
L31
            409 S E8,E9
                E ANGIOGENESIS/CT
L32
          19419 S E3-E10
         101190 S E3+OLD, NT, PFT, RT
L33
L34
          22747 S E14+OLD, NT, PFT, RT
                E E3+ALL
         168957 S E13+OLD, NT
L35
L36
              5 S L24, L25 AND L29-L35
             21 S L24, L25 AND (?NEOVASCUL? OR ?ANGIO?)
L37
L38
             13 S L28 AND L36, L37
L39
              4 S L24, L25 AND P/DT
L40
             13 S L38, L39
L41
              4 S US20030083231/PN OR (US2002-087929# OR US2000-675470# OR WO20
                SEL RN
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:07:45 ON 29 JUL 2005
L42
            228 S E1-E228
L43
              0 S L42 AND L19
L44
            227 S L42 NOT SQL/FA
             42 S L44 NOT C5-C6-C6/ES
L45
L46
              1 S L42 NOT L44
     FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 13:09:41 ON 29 JUL 2005
              2 S L20 OR L21
1.47
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:09:56 ON 29 JUL 2005
```

```
=> => e 'nle'-ti/sqep
                   'NLE'TGWMDF/SQEP
E1
             1
E2
                   'NLE'THL'BAL-BAL'R'NLE'/SQEP
             1
E3
             0 --> 'NLE'TI/SQEP
                   'NLE'TLR/SQEP
E4
             1
E5
                   'NLE'TPK/SQEP
             4
                   'NLE'TPK'OAA'G/SQEP
E6
             2
                   'NLE'TPR/SQEP
             2
E7
                   'NLE'TQY/SQEP
E8
             1
                   'NLE'TYS'BAL-BAL'R'NLE'/SQEP
E9
             1
                   'NLE'V'BAL'WMH/SQEP
E10
             1
E11
             1
                   'NLE'V'STA'A/SQEP
E12
             1
                  'NLE'VAE'BAL-BAL'R'NLE'/SQEP
```

=> fil hcaplus

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:12:21 ON 29 JUL 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications.

The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 29 Jul 2005 VOL 143 ISS 6 FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 Jul 2005 (20050728/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d 140 all hitstr tot

```
L40 ANSWER 1 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
    2000:95957 HCAPLUS
DN
    132:132780
    Entered STN: 10 Feb 2000
ED
ΤI
    Methods of identifying agonists or antagonists of angiotensin IV
IN
    Harding, Joseph W.; Wright, John W.
PA
    Washington State University Research Foundation, USA
SO
    U.S., 62 pp.
    CODEN: USXXAM
DT
    Patent
    English
LA
IC
    ICM G01N033-567
    ICS C07K007-14
INCL 435007210
    2-10 (Mammalian Hormones)
CC
    Section cross-reference(s): 1
FAN. CNT 2
                                       APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
                       KIND
                            DATE
                                                             DATE
                       ----
                             -----
                                        -----
                                                              _____
    US 6022696
                       Α
                              20000208
                                      US 1998-54308
                                                              19980402 <--
PΙ
    US 5854388
                                       US 1994-360784
                       Α
                              19981229
                                                             19941222 <--
PRAI US 1994-360784
                       A3
                              19941222 <--
    WO 1993-US6038
                       W
                              19930624 <--
CLASS
               CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
PATENT NO.
 ----
                      ______
US 6022696
               ICM
                      G01N033-567
               ICS
                      C07K007-14
               INCL
                      435007210
US 6022696
               NCL
                      435/007.210; 435/007.100; 435/007.200; 530/316.000;
                      530/329.000
               ECLA
                      C07K007/14; G01N033/74
US 5854388
               NCL
                      530/329.000; 436/548.000; 514/017.000; 514/018.000;
                      530/330.000; 530/331.000; 530/387.200; 530/387.900;
                      530/388.240
                      C07K005/10A1B; C07K007/14; C07K014/72
               ECLA -
os
    MARPAT 132:132780
AB
    A unique and novel angiotensin AT4 receptor and AIV ligand
    system for binding a small N-terminal hexapeptide fragment of
    Angiotensin II (referred to as AIV, with amino acid sequence Vall
    -Tyr2 -Ile3 -His4 -Pro5 -Phe6; SEQ. ID. NO. 1) is disclosed. AIV ligand
```

binds saturably, reversibly, specifically, and with high affinity to membrane AT4 receptors in a variety of tissues, including heart, lung, kidney, aorta, brain, liver, and uterus, from many animal species. The

```
AT4 receptor is pharmacol. distinct from classic angiotensin
receptors (AT1 or AT2). The system employs AIV or C-terminally truncated
or extended AIV-like peptides (e.g., VYIHPFX; SEQ. ID. NO. 8) as the
signaling agent, and the AT4 plasma membrane receptor as the detection
mechanism. The angiotensin AT4 receptor and receptor fragments
(including the receptor binding site domain) are capable of binding a
VYIHPF (SEO. ID. NO. 1) angiotensin AIV N-terminal peptide but
not an angiotensin AII or AIII N-terminal peptide, i.e.,
DRVYIHPF (SEQ. ID. NO. 2) or RVYIHPF (SEQ. ID. NO. 3), resp. Also
disclosed are processes for isolating angiotensin AT4 receptor
and AIV angiotensinase, identifying angiotensin AIV
agonists and antagonists, and constructing diagnostic assays to
specifically measure AIV and AI-specific angiotensinase in biol.
fluids. In this continuation in part a method for screening for an agent
that is an agonist or an antagonist of the interaction between an
angiotensin IV ligand and an angiotensin IV receptor and
a method for identifying the presence of an inhibitor of
angiotensin IV ligand binding to an angiotensin IV
receptor in a biol. fluid are specifically claimed.
angiotensin IV agonist antagonist screening detn
Angiotensin receptors
RL: ANT (Analyte); BOC (Biological occurrence); BPR (Biological process);
BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification
or recovery); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU
(Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
   (AT4; methods of identifying agonists or antagonists of
   angiotensin IV)
Adrenal cortex
Adrenal medulla
Brain
Heart
Kidney
Liver
Lung
Uterus
   (angiotensin IV receptor AT4 receptor in)
Artery
   (aorta; angiotensin IV receptor AT4 receptor in)
Diagnosis
   (diagnostic assays to specifically measure angiotensin IV and
   angiotensin I-specific angiotensinase in biol.
   fluids)
Drug screening
   (methods of identifying agonists or antagonists of angiotensin
   IV)
Antibodies
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
(Preparation)
   (monoclonal; production of antibodies to angiotensin IV receptor)
Structure-activity relationship
   (of agonists or antagonists of angiotensin IV)
Vein
   (venule, coronary; angiotensin IV receptor AT4 receptor in)
9012-48-0P, Angiotensinase
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); BIOL (Biological
study); PREP (Preparation)
   (isolation, purification, and characterization of the angiotensin
   IV angiotensinase)
12676-15-2, Angiotensin IV 37827-06-8
                                          51833-69-3
```

ST

TΨ

IT

IT

IT

IT

TT

IT

IT

IT

```
52530-60-6
     51833-78-4
                               59817-04-8
                                            75679-18-4
                                                          122483-84-5
     124750-99-8, DuP753 125728-60-1 127060-75-7, CGP42112A
                                                                   151341-79-6
                                                              151896-07-0
     151896-03-6
                   151896-04-7
                                 151896-05-8
                                                151896-06-9
     151896-08-1
                   151896-09-2
                                 151896-10-5
                                                151896-11-6
                                                              151896-12-7
     151923-88-5
                   154272-69-2
                                 154272-70-5
                                                154272-71-6 154272-72-7
     154272-73-8
                   154272-74-9
                                 154272-75-0 154272-76-1
     154272-77-2
                   154272-78-3
                                 154272-79-4
                                                154295-26-8
     154295-27-9
                   154295-28-0
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (methods of identifying agonists or antagonists of angiotensin
        IV)
IT
     256649-87-3
                   256649-88-4
                                 256649-89-5
                                                256649-90-8
                                                              256649-91-9
     256649-92-0
                   256649-94-2
                                 256649-95-3
                                                256649-96-4
                                                              256649-97-5
     256649-98-6
                   256649-99-7
                                 256650-00-7
                                                256650-01-8
                                                              256650-02-9
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (unclaimed protein sequence; methods of identifying agonists or
        antagonists of angiotensin IV)
IT
     484-42-4
                4474-91-3
                                         5939-49-1
                                                     13602-53-4
                            4503-63-3
                                                                  55714-12-0
     56317-01-2
                  58910-82-0
                               91999-74-5
                                           151341-80-9
                                                           160039-45-2
     160039-50-9
                   160039-55-4
                                 160039-63-4
                                                248600-06-8
                                                              256514-58-6
     256514-60-0
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (unclaimed sequence; methods of identifying agonists or antagonists of
        angiotensin IV)
RE.CNT
        23
              THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
(1) Anon; EP 0445606 A1 1991 HCAPLUS
(2) Barszko, J; Behav Brain Res 1987, V25, P195
(3) Bennett, J; J Biol Chem 1976, V251, P7423 HCAPLUS
(4) Blair-West, J; J Clin Endocrinol Metab 1971, V32, P575 HCAPLUS
(5) Braszko, J; Brain Res 1991, V542, P49 HCAPLUS
(6) Braszko, J; Neurosci 1988, V27, P777 MEDLINE
(7) Bumpus, F; Biochim Biophys Acta 1961, V46, P38 HCAPLUS
(8) Fitzsimons, J; J Physiol Lond 1971, V214, P295 HCAPLUS
(9) Glossman, H; J Biol Chem 1974, V249, P825
(10) Haberl, R; Circ Res 1991, V68, P1621 HCAPLUS
(11) Harding, J; Brain Res 1987, V410, P130 HCAPLUS
(12) Johnston, C; Drugs 1990, V39(Suppl 1), P21
(13) Kono, T; Acta Endocr 1985, V109, P249 MEDLINE
(14) Kono, T; Life Sci 1983, V32, P337 HCAPLUS
(15) Peach, M; Physio Rev 1977, V57, P313 HCAPLUS
(16) Regoli, D; Biochem Pharmacol 1963, V12, P637 MEDLINE
(17) Regoli, D; Pharmacol Reviews 1974, V26, P69 HCAPLUS
(18) Sepetov; US 5470753 1995 HCAPLUS
(19) Siemens, I; J Neurochem 1991, V57, P690 HCAPLUS
(20) Simon; US 5296354 1994 HCAPLUS
(21) Stig; US 5464821 1995 HCAPLUS
(22) Tonnaer, V; Brain Res 1982, V236, P417
(23) Wissman; US 3920627 1975 HCAPLUS
IT
     154272-72-7 154272-76-1 154272-77-2
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (methods of identifying agonists or antagonists of angiotensin
        IV)
RN
     154272-72-7 HCAPLUS
     Angiotensin IV, 1-L-norleucine-3-L-isoleucine- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

RN 154272-76-1 HCAPLUS CN L-Isoleucinamide, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 154272-77-2 HCAPLUS

CN L-Isoleucine, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L40 ANSWER 2 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

jan delaval - 29 july 2005

- AN 1999:360084 HCAPLUS
- DN 131:153977
- ED Entered STN: 11 Jun 1999
- TI Angiotensin IV has mixed effects on left ventricle systolic function and speeds relaxation
- AU Slinker, Bryan K.; Wu, Yiming; Brennan, Adam J.; Campbell, Kenneth B.; Harding, Joseph W.
- CS Department of Veterinary and Comparative Anatomy, Pharmacol. and Physiol., Washington State University, Pullman, WA, 99164-6520, USA
- SO Cardiovascular Research (1999), 42(3), 660-669 CODEN: CVREAU; ISSN: 0008-6363
- PB Elsevier Science B.V.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- CC 2-10 (Mammalian Hormones)
- AB Objective: A novel angiotensin receptor has been described and named AT4. Ligands for this receptor include the angiotensin II (Ang II) metabolite Ang II (3-8), known as angiotensin IV (Ang There is 10-fold more AT4 receptor than AT1 receptor in rabbit myocardium. The AT4 receptor has a high affinity for Ang IV (Ki in rabbit myocardium <2 + 10-9) and similar ligands, but very low affinity for Ang II (Ki in rabbit myocardium >10-6). Although several functions have been attributed to the novel Ang IV peptide/AT4 receptor system, the effect of this system on left ventricular (LV) function has not been studied. We hypothesized (1) that Ang IV would affect LV function and (2) that any effects would be opposite to those of Ang II. Methods: Using the buffer-perfused (30°) isolated rabbit heart, we studied the effect of the AT4 agonist Nle1-Ang IV on LV systolic function, quantified using both Frank-Starling and end-systolic pressure-volume relationships, and relaxation. We also studied the effect of the AT1/AT2 agonist, Sar1-Ang II on LV function. Finally, because the profile of effect of Nle1-Ang IV was similar to the reported effect of nitric oxide (NO), we also studied the effect of Nle1-Ang IV in the presence of the NO synthase inhibitor NG-monomethyl-L-arginine. Results: Nle1-Ang IV reduced LV pressure-generating capability at any volume but increased the sensitivity of pressure development to volume change. Nle1-Ang IV reduced LV ejection capability. Sarl-Ang II had the opposite effect, increasing both pressure generation and ejection capability. Finally, both Sarl-Ang II and Nlel-Ang IV speeded LV relaxation. Inhibition of NO synthase did not alter the effect of Nle1-Ang IV on LV systolic function or relaxation. Conclusions: AT4 receptor agonism has mixed effects on LV systolic function, depressing pressure-generation and ejection capabilities, but enhancing the sensitivity of pressure development to volume change. It also speeds relaxation. The effect of Ang IV on systolic function is generally opposite to the effect of Ang II, whereas the Ang IV influence on relaxation is similar to the effect of Ang II.
- ST angiotensin IV ventricle systolic function relaxation
- IT Angiotensin receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(AT4; angiotensin IV has mixed effects on left ventricle systolic function and speeds relaxation and mechanisms therein) Cardiac contraction

Signal transduction, biological

(angiotensin IV has mixed effects on left ventricle systolic function and speeds relaxation and mechanisms therein)

IT Heart

IT

(left ventricle; angiotensin IV has mixed effects on left ventricle systolic function and speeds relaxation and mechanisms therein)

```
TT
     59680-38-5, Sarl-angiotensin II 154272-72-7,
     [Nle1, Ile3] - Angiotensin IV
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (angiotensin IV has mixed effects on left ventricle systolic
        function and speeds relaxation and mechanisms therein)
IT
     10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (angiotensin IV has mixed effects on left ventricle systolic
        function and speeds relaxation and mechanisms therein)
IT
     12676-15-2, Angiotensin IV
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (angiotensin IV has mixed effects on left ventricle systolic
        function and speeds relaxation and mechanisms therein)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
(1) Anon; New Eng J Med 1987, V316, P1429
(2) Anon; New Engl J Med 1992, V327, P685
(3) Baker, K; Am J Physiol 1990, V259, PH610 HCAPLUS
(4) Baker, K; Annu Rev Physiol 1992, V54, P227 HCAPLUS
(5) Baker, K; Circ Res 1984, V54, P286 HCAPLUS
(6) Bernier, S; Eur J Pharmacol 1995, V291, P191 HCAPLUS
(7) Campbell, K; Am J Physiol 1992, V262, PH1631 MEDLINE
(8) Coleman, J; Peptides 1998, V19, P269 HCAPLUS
(9) Dzau, V; Circulation 1994, V89, P493 MEDLINE
(10) Friedrich, S; Circulation 1994, V90, P2761 MEDLINE
(11) Glantz, S; Primer of applied regression and analysis of variance 1990,
(12) Haber, H; Circulation 1994, V89, P2616 MEDLINE
(13) Haberl, R; Circ Res 1991, V68, P1621 HCAPLUS
(14) Hall, K; Regul Pept 1993, V44, P225 HCAPLUS
(15) Hall, K; Regul Pept 1995, V58, P107 HCAPLUS
(16) Hanesworth, J; J Pharmacol Exp Therap 1993, V266, P1036 HCAPLUS
(17) Harding, J; Brain Res 1992, V583, P340 HCAPLUS
(18) Hirakata, H; Circ Res 1990, V66, P891 HCAPLUS
(19) Ikenouchi, H; J Physiol 1994, V480, P203 HCAPLUS
(20) Ishihata, A; Br J Pharmacol 1995, V114, P447 HCAPLUS
(21) Kerins, D; J Clin Invest 1995, V96, P2515 HCAPLUS
(22) Kramar, E; Regul Pept 1997, V68, P131 HCAPLUS
(23) Kramar, E; to be published in Regul Pept 1998
(24) Krebs, L; Regul Pept 1996, V67, P123 HCAPLUS
(25) Miller-Wing, A; J Pharmacol Exp Therap 1993, V266, P1718 HCAPLUS
(26) Moravec, C; Circulation 1990, V82, P1973 HCAPLUS
(27) Neyses, L; J Hypertens 1989, V7(Suppl 6), PS104
(28) Rogg, H; Biochem Biophys Res Commun 1990, V173, P416 HCAPLUS
(29) Schunkert, H; Circulation 1993, V87, P1328 HCAPLUS
(30) Shah, A; Cardiovasc Res 1996, V31, P847 MEDLINE
(31) Slinker, B; Am J Physiol 1997, V273, PH2708 HCAPLUS
(32) Slinker, B; Cardiovasc Res 1994, V28, P535 MEDLINE
(33) Slinker, B; Circ Res 1991, V69, P1051 MEDLINE
(34) Slinker, B; Systolic and diastolic function of the heart 1995, P315
(35) Smith, R; Cardiovasc Res 1992, V26, P508 HCAPLUS
(36) Swanson, G; Regul Pept 1992, V40, P409 HCAPLUS
(37) Tobias, A; Am J Physiol 1995, V268, PH170 HCAPLUS
(38) Tobias, A; Am J Physiol 1996, V271, PH51 HCAPLUS
(39) Wang, L; Clin Sci Colchester 1995, V88, P557 HCAPLUS
(40) Wang, L; J Recept Signal Transduct Res 1995, V15, P517 HCAPLUS
(41) Weinberg, E; Circulation 1994, V90, P1410 HCAPLUS
```

(42) Wright, J; Regul Pept 1995, V59, P269 HCAPLUS

(43) Yang, Q; Regul Pept 1997, V71, P175 HCAPLUS

IT 154272-72-7, [Nle1, Ile3] -Angiotensin IV

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(angiotensin IV has mixed effects on left ventricle systolic function and speeds relaxation and mechanisms therein)

RN 154272-72-7 HCAPLUS

CN Angiotensin IV, 1-L-norleucine-3-L-isoleucine- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L40 ANSWER 3 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1999:309989 HCAPLUS

DN 131:83430

ED Entered STN: 21 May 1999

TI Contributions of the brain angiotensin IV-AT4 receptor subtype system to spatial learning

AU Wright, John W.; Stubley, Leighann; Pederson, Eric S.; Kramar, Eniko A.; Hanesworth, Jodi M.; Harding, Joseph W.

CS Departments of Psychology, Veterinary and Comparative Anatomy,
Pharmacology, and Physiology, and Program in Neuroscience, Washington
State University, Pullman, WA, 99164, USA

SO Journal of Neuroscience (1999), 19(10), 3952-3961 CODEN: JNRSDS; ISSN: 0270-6474

PB Society for Neuroscience

DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-10 (Mammalian Hormones)

AB The development of navigational strategies to solve spatial problems appears to be dependent on an intact hippocampal formation. The circular water maze task requires the animal to use extramaze spatial cues to locate a pedestal positioned just below the surface of the water. Presently, we investigated the role of a recently discovered brain angiotensin receptor subtype (AT4) in the acquisition of this spatial learning task. The AT4 receptor subtype is activated by angiotensin IV (AngIV) rather than angiotensins II or III, as documented for the AT1 and AT2 receptor subtypes, and is heavily distributed in the CA1-CA3 fields of the hippocampus. Chronic

intracerebroventricular infusion of a newly synthesized AT4 agonist (norleucinel-AngIV) via osmotic pump facilitated the rate of acquisition to solve this task, whereas treatment with an AT4 receptor antagonist (Divalinal) significantly interfered with the acquisition of successful search strategies. Animals prepared with bilateral knife cuts of the perforant path, a major afferent hippocampal fiber bundle originating in the entorhinal cortex, displayed deficits in solving this task. This performance deficit could be reversed with acute intracerebroventricular infusion of a second AT4 receptor agonist (Norleucinal). These results suggest that the brain AngIV-AT4 system plays a role in the formation of spatial search strategies and memories. Further, application of an AT4 receptor agonist compensated for spatial memory deficits in performance accompanying perforant path knife cuts. Possible mechanisms underlying this compensatory effect are discussed.

ST brain, angiotensin AT4 receptor spatial learning

IT Angiotensin receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(AT4; brain angiotensin IV AT4 receptor contribution to spatial learning)

IT Brain

(brain angiotensin IV AT4 receptor contribution to spatial learning)

IT Brain

(hippocampus; brain **angiotensin** IV AT4 receptor contribution to spatial learning)

IT Learning

(spatial; brain angiotensin IV AT4 receptor contribution to spatial learning)

IT Memory, biological

(spatial; brain angiotensin IV AT4 receptor contribution to spatial learning and memory)

IT 23025-68-5, Ile3-angiotensin IV 52530-60-6 **154272-72-7**, [Nle1, Ile3]-Angiotensin IV 160039-71-4

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(brain angiotensin IV AT4 receptor contribution to spatial learning)

RE.CNT 65 THERE ARE 65 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

- (1) Agnihotri, N; Histol Histopathol 1998, V13, P1155 MEDLINE
- (2) Albrecht, D; Eur J Pharmacol 1997, V332, P53 HCAPLUS
- (3) Albrecht, D; Regul Pept 1997, V70, P105 HCAPLUS
- (4) Braszko, J; Neuroscience 1988, V27, P777 MEDLINE
- (5) Bures, J; Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A 1997, V94, P343 HCAPLUS
- (6) Combs, D; Stroke 1987, V18, P503 MEDLINE
- (7) Cummings, J; Neurology 1984, V34, P679 MEDLINE
- (8) Davis, S; J Neurosci 1992, V12, P21 HCAPLUS
- (9) de Gasparo, M; Hypertension 1995, V25, P924 MEDLINE
- (10) de la Torre, J; Neurosci Biobehav Rev 1994, V18, P397 MEDLINE
- (11) Fitzsimons, J; Physiol Rev 1998, V78, P583 HCAPLUS
- (12) Haberl, R; Circ Res 1991, V68, P1621 HCAPLUS
- (13) Hammond, D; Science 1996, V234, P1237
- (14) Harding, J; Brain Res 1992, V583, P340 HCAPLUS
- (15) Hjorth-Simonsen, A; J Comp Neurol 1972, V144, P215 MEDLINE
- (16) Ikeda, S; Soc Neurosci Abstr 1998, V24, P330
- (17) Izquierdo, I; Drug Dev Res 1993, V30, P1 HCAPLUS
- (18) Jarrard, L; Behav Neural Biol 1993, V60, P9 MEDLINE
- (19) Johnston, C; Drugs 1990, V39, P21 HCAPLUS
- (20) Klug, A; Hippocampus 1998, V8, P57

(21) Kramar, E; Regul Pept 1997, V68, P131 HCAPLUS (22) Kramar, E; Regul Pept 1998, V74, P185 HCAPLUS (23) Krebs, L; Regul Pept 1996, V67, P123 HCAPLUS (24) Lynch, G; Nature 1983, V305, P719 HCAPLUS (25) Malenka, R; Science 1988, V242, P81 MEDLINE (26) Marx, J; Science 1996, V73, P50 (27) McNaughton, B; Exp Brain Res 1989, V76, P485 MEDLINE (28) McNaughton, B; J Neurosci 1986, V6, P563 MEDLINE (29) Miller-Wing, A; J Pharmacol Exp Ther 1993, V266, P1718 HCAPLUS (30) Moeller, I; Brain Res 1996, V712, P307 HCAPLUS (31) Morris, R; Eur J Neurosci 1990, V2, P1016 (32) Morris, R; J Neurosci Methods 1984, V11, P47 MEDLINE (33) Morris, R; Learn Motiv 1981, V12, P239 (34) Morris, R; Nature 1982, V297, P681 MEDLINE (35) Morris, R; Nature 1986, V319, P774 HCAPLUS (36) Nadel, L; Hippocampus 1991, V1, P221 MEDLINE (37) Olton, D; Brain Res 1978, V139, P295 MEDLINE (38) Paxinos, G; The rat brain in stereotaxic coordinates Ed 2 1986 (39) Pederson, E; Regul Pept 1998, V74, P97 HCAPLUS (40) Rison, R; Neurosci Biobehav Rev 1995, V19, P533 HCAPLUS (41) Roberts, K; Brain Res 1995, V682, P13 HCAPLUS (42) Rudy, J; Behav Brain Res 1989, V34, P97 MEDLINE (43) Saavedra, J; Endocr Rev 1992, V13, P329 HCAPLUS (44) Sardinia, M; Peptides 1993, V14, P949 HCAPLUS (45) Sardinia, M; Peptides 1994, V15, P1399 HCAPLUS (46) Sato, A; Alzheimer Disease Assoc Disord 1995, V9, P28 HCAPLUS (47) Skelton, R; Hippocampus 1992, V2, P73 MEDLINE (48) Smith, R; Recent advances in cellular and molecular aspects of angiotensin receptors 1996, P237 HCAPLUS (49) Stubley-Weatherly, L; Brain Res 1996, V716, P29 HCAPLUS (50) Sutherland, R; Behav Brain Res 1983, V7, P133 MEDLINE (51) Sutherland, R; Behav Brain Res 1990, V37, P57 MEDLINE (52) Sutherland, R; Neurosci Lett 1982, V31, P271 MEDLINE (53) Swanson, G; Regul Pept 1992, V40, P409 HCAPLUS (54) Volpe, B; Arch Neurol 1983, V40, P436 MEDLINE (55) von Bohlen und Halbach, O; Regul Pept 1998, V78, P51 HCAPLUS (56) Wayner, M; Peptides 1995, V16, P1079 HCAPLUS (57) Whishaw, I; Behav Brain Res 1987, V24, P59 MEDLINE (58) Whishaw, I; J Neurosci 1998, V18, P3050 HCAPLUS (59) Wright, J; Am J Physiol 1985, V249, PR514 HCAPLUS (60) Wright, J; Brain Res Bull 1993, V32, P497 HCAPLUS (61) Wright, J; Brain Res Rev 1992, V17, P227 HCAPLUS (62) Wright, J; Brain Res Rev 1997, V25, P96 HCAPLUS (63) Wright, J; Front Neuroendocrinol 1995, V16, P23 HCAPLUS (64) Zhang, J; to be published in J Pharmacol Exp Ther 1999 (65) Zola-Morgan, S; J Neurosci 1986, V6, P2950 MEDLINE IT154272-72-7, [Nle1, Ile3] - Angiotensin IV RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (brain angiotensin IV AT4 receptor contribution to spatial

learning)
RN 154272-72-7 HCAPLUS

CN Angiotensin IV, 1-L-norleucine-3-L-isoleucine- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L40 ANSWER 4 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1999:275130 HCAPLUS

DN 131:54097

ED Entered STN: 05 May 1999

TI Structural analysis of **angiotensin** IV receptor (AT4) from selected bovine tissues

AU Zhang, Jian-Hua; Hanesworth, Jodie M.; Sardinia, Michael F.; Alt, Jeremiah A.; Wright, John W.; Harding, Joseph W.

CS Department of Veterinary and Comparative Anatomy, Physiology and Pharmacology, Washington State University, Pullman, WA, USA

SO Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics (1999), 289(2), 1075-1083

CODEN: JPETAB; ISSN: 0022-3565

PB American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics

DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-2 (Mammalian Hormones)

AB The angiotensin IV receptor (AT4) receptor is widely distributed in both species and tissues. This broad distribution appears to be reflected in an equally diverse repertoire of physiol. actions that are mediated through AT4 receptors. This breadth of location and function of AT4 receptors encourages speculation that multiple AT4 isoforms might In this study, we compared the structural properties of bovine AT4 receptors from adrenals, kidney, heart, thymus, bladder, aorta, and hippocampus. These comparisons were made using PAGE or HPLC anal. of AT4 receptors that had been covalently radiolabeled with the AT4-specific photoprobe 125I-benzoyl phenylalanine-angiotensin IV. Except for the hippocampal AT4 receptor, the binding subunit in all tissues had a mol. mass of approx. 165 kDa and associated with addnl. subunits via disulfide linkages. The hippocampal receptor was significantly smaller (150 kDa) and did not appear to possess other disulfide-linked subunits. The receptor was highly glycosylated in all tissues examined Peptide mapping following cleavage of 125I-labeled receptor with endopeptidase C or cyanogen bromide resulted in complex cleavage patterns. Together these mapping studies demonstrated the uniqueness of the hippocampal receptor and further suggested that other AT4 isoforms may exist and be variably distributed among bovine tissues. In agreement with the peptide mapping

```
studies, differences in the binding pattern of several AngIV analogs were
     observed among the various tissues.
ST
     angiotensin IV receptor structural analysis tissue
IT
     Angiotensin receptors
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP
     (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (AT4; structural anal. of angiotensin IV receptor (AT4) from
        selected bovine tissues)
IT
        (aorta; structural anal. of angiotensin IV receptor (AT4)
        from selected bovine tissues)
IT
     Brain
        (hippocampus; structural anal. of angiotensin IV receptor
        (AT4) from selected bovine tissues)
IT
     Adrenal gland
     Bladder
     Heart
     Kidnev
     Thymus gland
        (structural anal. of angiotensin IV receptor (AT4) from
        selected bovine tissues)
ΙT
     23025-68-5 154272-76-1
                              228407-05-4
                                            228407-06-5
                                                           228407-07-6
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (angiotensin IV analogs binding to various bovine tissues)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
(1) Baker, K; Am J Physiol 1990, V259, PH610 HCAPLUS
(2) Bernier, S; Biochemistry 1998, V37, P4280 HCAPLUS
(3) Bernier, S; Eur J Pharmacol 1994, V271, P55 HCAPLUS
(4) Braszko, J; Neuroscience 1988, V27, P777 MEDLINE
(5) Coleman, J; Regul Peptides 1998, V19, P269 HCAPLUS
(6) Coligan, J; Current Protocols in Protein Science 1995, V1
(7) Ferrario, C; Hypertension 1991, V18(Suppl III), PIII126
(8) Hall, K; Regul Pept 1993, V44, P225 HCAPLUS
(9) Hall, K; Regul Pept 1995, V58, P107 HCAPLUS
(10) Handa, R; Am J Physiol 1998, V274, PF290 HCAPLUS
(11) Hanesworth, J; J Pharmacol Exp Ther 1993, V266, P1036 HCAPLUS
(12) Kaiser, E; Anal Biochem 1970, V34, P595 HCAPLUS
(13) Kerins, D; J Clin Invest 1995, V96, P2515 HCAPLUS
(14) Kramar, E; Regul Pept 1997, V68, P131 HCAPLUS
(15) Kramar, E; Regul Pept 1998, V74, P185 HCAPLUS
(16) Miller-Wing, A; J Pharmacol Exp Ther 1993, V266, P1718 HCAPLUS
(17) Moeller, I; Brain Res 1995, V701, P301 HCAPLUS
(18) Moeller, I; Brain Res 1996, V712, P307 HCAPLUS
(19) Moeller, I; Brain Res 1996, V725, P61 HCAPLUS
(20) Pederson, E; Regul Pept 1998, V74, P97 HCAPLUS
(21) Sambrook, J; Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 2nd ed 1989
(22) Sealfon, S; Methods in Neuroscience: Receptor Molecular Biology 1995, V25
   HCAPLUS
(23) Stubley-Weatherly, L; Soc Neurosci Abstr 1996, V22, P679
(24) Swanson, G; Regul Pept 1992, V40, P409 HCAPLUS
(25) Wright, J; Brain Res Bull 1993, V32, P497 HCAPLUS
(26) Wright, J; Front Neuroendocrinol 1995, V16, P23 HCAPLUS
(27) Yang, Q; Regul Pep 1997, V71, P175 HCAPLUS
(28) Zhang, J; J Pharmacol Exp Ther 1998, V287, P416 HCAPLUS
    154272-76-1
    RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (angiotensin IV analogs binding to various bovine tissues)
```

154272-76-1 HCAPLUS RN

CN L-Isoleucinamide, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 5 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L40

1999:50257 HCAPLUS AN

DN 130:247387

Entered STN: 26 Jan 1999 ED

Opposite effect of angiotensin II and IV in the lateral nucleus TI. of the amygdala

Von Bohlen und Halbach, Oliver; Albrecht, Doris ΑU

CS Institute of Physiology, Faculty of Medicine (Charite), Humboldt University, Berlin, Germany

Brain Research Bulletin (1998), 47(4), 311-315 SO CODEN: BRBUDU: ISSN: 0361-9230

PB Elsevier Science Inc.

DTJournal

LA English

CC 2-10 (Mammalian Hormones)

In this study the effects of angiotensin II and norleucinel-AB angiotensin IV have been studied in a horizontal in vitro slice preparation of female rat brains. Extracellular field potentials of the lateral nucleus of the basolateral amygdala were recorded. The results show that angiotensin II significantly increased the amplitude of field potentials induced by the elec. stimulations of the lateral nucleus, whereas norleucinel-angiotensin IV caused a significant decrease in the amplitude of field potentials. The angiotensin -induced effects could be blocked by specific angiotensin receptor antagonists. These opposite effects of angiotensin II and IV on electrophysiol. parameters are in agreement with behavioral studies that have demonstrated that angiotensin II and IV produce opposite effects on the retention of an inhibitor shock-avoidance response and correlate with their different effects on the blood vessels.

ST angiotensin amygdala neurotransmission AT receptor

ΙT Angiotensin receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(AT1; opposite effect of angiotensin II and IV on field potentials within lateral nucleus of amygdala involve specific angiotensin receptors)

IT Angiotensin receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(AT2; opposite effect of angiotensin II and IV on field

potentials within lateral nucleus of amygdala involve specific angiotensin receptors)

IT Angiotensin receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(AT4; opposite effect of angiotensin II and IV on field potentials within lateral nucleus of amygdala involve specific angiotensin receptors)

IT Brain

(amygdala, basolateral nucleus; opposite effect of angiotensin II and IV on field potentials within lateral nucleus of amygdala involve specific angiotensin receptors)

IT Neurotransmission

(opposite effect of angiotensin II and IV on field potentials within lateral nucleus of amygdala involve specific angiotensin receptors)

IT 11128-99-7, Angiotensin-II 154272-72-7

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(opposite effect of **angiotensin** II and IV on field potentials within lateral nucleus of amygdala involve specific **angiotensin** receptors)

RE.CNT 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

- (1) Aggleton, J; The amygdala: Neurobiological aspects of emotion, memory, and mental dysfunction 1992
- (2) Albrecht, D; Eur J Pharmacol 1997, V332, P53 HCAPLUS
- (3) Ambuhl, P; Regul Peptides 1992, V41, P19 MEDLINE
- (4) Braszko, J; Behav Brain Res 1987, V25, P195 HCAPLUS
- (5) Braszko, J; Neuroscience 1988, V27, P777 MEDLINE
- (6) Denny, J; Brain Res 1991, V567, P321 HCAPLUS
- (7) Feldman, S; Brain Res Bull 1998, V45, P389 HCAPLUS
- (8) Harding, J; Brain Res 1992, V583, P340 HCAPLUS
- (9) Hawcock, A; Br J Pharmacol 1992, V105, P686 HCAPLUS
- (10) Johnston, C; Drugs 1990, V39, P21 HCAPLUS
- (11) Kang, J; Brain Res 1992, V580, P317 HCAPLUS
- (12) Krebs, L; Regul Pept 1996, V67, P123 HCAPLUS
- (13) LeDoux, J; Curr Opin Neurobiol 1992, V2, P191 MEDLINE
- (14) Lee, E; Peptides 1995, V16, P1069 HCAPLUS
- (15) Lienard, F; Regul Pept 1996, V66, P59 HCAPLUS
- (16) Martens, J; Circ Res 1996, V79, P302 HCAPLUS
- (17) Martial, F; Brain Res Bull 1994, V34, P533 HCAPLUS
- (18) Metzenauer, P; NeuroReport 1991, V2, P351
- (19) Nitschke, T; Neuroforum Spektrum Akad 1996, V233
- (20) Phillips, M; Ann Rev Physiol 1987, V49, P413 HCAPLUS
- (21) Roberts, K; Brain Res 1995, V682, P13 HCAPLUS
- (22) Saavedra, J; Endocrine Reviews 1992, V13, P329 HCAPLUS
- (23) Schmid, H; Neurosci Lett 1995, V187, P149 HCAPLUS
- (24) Sumners, C; Front Neuroendocrinol 1994, V15, P203 HCAPLUS
- (25) Vallotton, M; Trends Pharmacol Sci 1987, V8, P69 HCAPLUS
- (26) von Bohlen und Halbach, O; J Neurosci Methods 1998, V81, P169 MEDLINE
- (27) von Bohlen und Halbach, O; Neuropeptides 1998, V32, P241 HCAPLUS
- (28) Wayner, M; Pharmacol Biochem Behav 1993, V45, P455 HCAPLUS
- (29) Wright, J; Brain Res Bull 1993, V32, P497 HCAPLUS
- (30) Wright, J; Front Neuroendocrinol 1995, V16, P23 HCAPLUS
- (31) Wright, J; Neurosci Biobehav Rev 1994, V18, P21 HCAPLUS
- (32) Wright, J; Regul Peptides 1995, V59, P269 HCAPLUS
- (33) Yang, C; Am J Physiol 1992, V263, PR1333 HCAPLUS
- IT 154272-72-7

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological

study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (opposite effect of angiotensin II and IV on field potentials
 within lateral nucleus of amygdala involve specific angiotensin
 receptors)

RN 154272-72-7 HCAPLUS

CN Angiotensin IV, 1-L-norleucine-3-L-isoleucine- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L40 ANSWER 6 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1998:416409 HCAPLUS

DN 129:157304

ED Entered STN: 08 Jul 1998

TI Role of nitric oxide in angiotensin IV-induced increases in cerebral blood flow

AU Kramar, Eniko A.; Krishnan, Radhika; Harding, Joseph W.; Wright, John W.

CS Departments of Psychology and Veterinary and Comparative Anatomy, Pharmacol. Physiol., Program in Neuroscience, Washington State University, Pullman, WA, 99164-4820, USA

SO Regulatory Peptides (1998), 74(2,3), 185-192 CODEN: REPPDY; ISSN: 0167-0115

PB Elsevier Science B.V.

DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-10 (Mammalian Hormones)

AB The present study investigated the effects of three newly synthesized angiotensin IV (AngIV) analogs (lysinel-AngIV, norleucinel-AngIV, and norleucinal) on cerebral blood flow (CBF) in anesthetized Sprague-Dawley rats utilizing laser-Doppler flowmetry. The results indicate that internal carotid infusions of AngIV, norleucinel-AngIV, norleucinal, and lysinel-AngIV increased CBF above baseline by 25, 32, 33 and 44%, resp., without changing systemic arterial blood pressure. In a second experiment sep. groups of rats were pretreated with nitric oxide (NO) synthase inhibitor, Nω-nitro-L-arginine Me ester (l-NAME) or saline, followed by AngIV or norleucinal for the purpose of evaluating the hypothesis that the mechanism of action of these compds. is linked to the release of NO. Pretreatment with saline followed by AngIV and norleucinal increased CBF by 29 and 39%, resp., while pretreatment with l-NAME blocked

the vasodilatory effects of AngIV and norleucinal, suggesting that the increment in blood flow induced by these compds. is dependent upon the synthesis and release of NO from vascular endothelial cells.

- ST nitric oxide angiotensin IV brain circulation
- IT Circulation

(cerebral; nitric oxide in angiotensin IV-induced increases in cerebral blood flow)

IT 10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(nitric oxide in **angiotensin** IV-induced increases in cerebral blood flow)

IT 23025-68-5, Ile3-angiotensin IV 154272-72-7,

[Nle1, Ile3] - Angiotensin IV 154295-26-8, [Lys1, Ile3] -

Angiotensin IV 160039-71-4

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(nitric oxide in **angiotensin** IV-induced increases in cerebral blood flow)

RE.CNT 46 THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

- (1) Ball, M; Lancet 1985, V1, P14 MEDLINE
- (2) Coleman, J; FASEB J 1992, V6, PA981
- (3) Coleman, J; Peptides 1998, V19, P269 HCAPLUS
- (4) Cummings, J; Neurology 1984, V34, P679 MEDLINE
- (5) de Gasparo, M; Hypertension 1995, V25, P924 MEDLINE
- (6) de La Torre, J; Neurosci Biobehav Rev 1994, V18, P397 MEDLINE
- (7) Haberl, R; Circ Res 1991, V68, P1621 HCAPLUS
- (8) Haberl, R; Stroke 1994, V25, P1476 HCAPLUS
- (9) Hall, K; Regul Pept 1993, V44, P225 HCAPLUS
- (10) Hall, K; Regul Pept 1995, V58, P107 HCAPLUS
- (11) Handa, R; Am J Physiol 1998, V274, PF290 HCAPLUS
- (12) Harding, J; Brain Res 1992, V583, P340 HCAPLUS
- (13) Jarrard, L; Behav Neural Bio 1993, V60, P9 MEDLINE
- (14) Kerins, D; J Clin Invest 1995, V96, P2515 HCAPLUS
- (15) Kramar, E; Regul Pept 1997, V68, P131 HCAPLUS
- (16) Krebs, L; Regul Pept 1996, V67, P123 HCAPLUS
- (17) Misumi, J; Clin Exp Hypertens 1983, VA5, P1151 HCAPLUS
- (18) Moeller, I; Brain Res 1995, V701, P301 HCAPLUS
- (19) Moeller, I; Brain Res 1996, V726, P61
- (20) Morikawa, E; Stroke 1994, V25, P429 HCAPLUS
- (21) Morris, R; Eur J Neurosci 1990, V2, P1016
- (22) Morris, R; Nature 1982, V297, P681 MEDLINE
- (23) Naveri, L; Acta Physiol Scand 1995, V155 (Suppl 630), P2
- (24) Naveri, L; J Cereb Blood Flow Metab 1994, V14, P1096 HCAPLUS
- (25) Palmer, R; Nature 1987, V327, P524 HCAPLUS
- (26) Patel, J; Am J Respir Crit Care Med 1997, V155, PA119
- (27) Paulson, O; Blood Vessels 1991, V28, P231 HCAPLUS
- (28) Petito, C; Neurology 1987, V37, P1281 MEDLINE
- (29) Sardinia, M; Peptides 1993, V14, P949 HCAPLUS
- (30) Sardinia, M; Peptides 1994, V15, P1399 HCAPLUS
- (31) Schmidt-Kastner, R; Neuroscience 1991, V40, P599 MEDLINE
- (32) Stromberg, C; J Cerab Blood Flow Metab 1993, V13, P298 HCAPLUS
- (33) Stromberg, C; NeuroReport 1992, V3, P703 MEDLINE
- (34) Sutherland, R; Behav Brain Res 1983, V7, P133 MEDLINE
- (35) Swanson, G; Regul Pept 1992, V40, P409 HCAPLUS
- (36) Timmermanns, P; Trends Pharmacol Sci 1991, V12, P55
- (37) Vijayan, V; Exp Neurol 1991, V112, P72 MEDLINE
- (38) Volpe, B; Arch Neurol 1983, V40, P436 MEDLINE

- (39) Whishaw, I; Behav Brain Res 1987, V24, P59 MEDLINE
- (40) Wright, H; Front Neuroendocrinol 1995, V16, P23
- (41) Wright, J; Brain Res 1996, V717, P1 HCAPLUS
- (42) Wright, J; Brain Res Bull 1993, V32, P497 HCAPLUS
- (43) Wright, J; Brain Res Rev 1997, V25, P96 HCAPLUS
- (44) Yang, Q; Regul Pept 1997, V71, P175 HCAPLUS
- (45) Yoshida, M; Br J Pharmacol 1996, V117, P885 HCAPLUS
- (46) Zola-Morgan, S; J Neurosci 1986, V6, P2950 MEDLINE
- IT 154272-72-7, [Nle1, Ile3] Angiotensin IV

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(nitric oxide in angiotensin IV-induced increases in cerebral blood flow)

RN 154272-72-7 HCAPLUS

CN Angiotensin IV, 1-L-norleucine-3-L-isoleucine- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L40 ANSWER 7 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 1998:416398 HCAPLUS
- DN 129:157298
- ED Entered STN: 08 Jul 1998
- TI Attenuation of scopolamine-induced spatial learning impairments by an angiotensin IV analog
- AU Pederson, Eric S.; Harding, Joseph W.; Wright, John W.
- CS Program in Neuroscience, Washington State University, Pullman, WA, 99164, USA
- SO Regulatory Peptides (1998), 74(2,3), 97-103 CODEN: REPPDY; ISSN: 0167-0115
- PB Elsevier Science B.V.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- CC 2-10 (Mammalian Hormones)
- AB Recently, a receptor for the angiotensin II(3-8) (Ang IV)
 hexapeptide, was discovered in the hippocampus, suggesting a possible role
 in learning. The present study utilized intracerebroventricularly (icv)
 infused scopolamine hydrobromide (scop) to disrupt spatial learning in the
 circular water maze, followed by the Ang IV analog norleucine1-Ang IV

(Nle1-Ang IV), to restore normal performance. Rats were icv pretreated with either scop or artificial cerebrospinal fluid (aCSF) followed by either icv injected Nle1-Ang IV or aCSF, and then behaviorally tested. During acquisition training, each animal's latency to locate the platform, path distance, speed, and efficiency ratios were measured. A probe trial was conducted on the final day of training and the time spent in the target quadrant and the number of crossings over the former location of the platform (annulus crossings) were observed. The results indicate that those animals treated with scop followed by aCSF performed poorly during acquisition training as compared with controls. In contrast, those animals that received scop followed by Nle1-Ang IV attained equivalent latencies, distances, and efficiency ratios to find the platform as those achieved by controls. There were no observed differences in swimming speed, thus arguing against drug-induced motor impairment. During the probe trial, animals treated with scop followed by aCSF spent less time in the target quadrant and made fewer annulus crossings as compared to controls, while the scop, Nle1-Ang IV treated animals performed equivalently to controls. These results suggest that Nle1-Ang IV acts to counteract the disruption of spatial learning induced by scopolamine.

ST scopolamine learning impairment angiotensin IV analog

IT Learning

(spatial, disorder; angiotensin IV analog attenuation of scopolamine-induced spatial learning impairment in rats)

IT Learning

(spatial; angiotensin IV analog attenuation of scopolamine-induced spatial learning impairment in rats)

IT 114-49-8, Scopolamine hydrobromide

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(angiotensin IV analog attenuation of scopolamine-induced spatial learning impairment in rats)

IT 154272-72-7, [Nle1, Ile3] - Angiotensin IV

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(angiotensin IV analog attenuation of scopolamine-induced spatial learning impairment in rats)

RE.CNT 59 THERE ARE 59 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

- (1) Arendt, T; Neuroscience 1985, V14, P1 MEDLINE
- (2) Arendt, T; Neuroscience 1986, V17, P277 MEDLINE
- (3) Arregui, A; J Neurochem 1982, V38, P1490 MEDLINE
- (4) Bames, J; J Cardiovasc Pharmacol 1992, V19, PS63
- (5) Baranowska, D; Psychopharmacology 1983, V81, P247 HCAPLUS
- (6) Barnes, J; Brain Res 1990, V507, P341 HCAPLUS
- (7) Barnes, N; Eur J Pharmacol 1991, V200, P289 HCAPLUS
- (8) Bartus, R; Science 1982, V217, P408 HCAPLUS
- (9) Bowen, D; Brain 1976, V99, P459 MEDLINE
- (10) Braszko, J; Behav Brain Res 1987, V25, P195 HCAPLUS
- (11) Braszko, J; Neuroscience 1988, V27, P777 MEDLINE
- (12) Braszko, J; Peptides 1988, V9, P475 HCAPLUS
- (13) Costall, B; Pharmacol Biochem Behav 1989, V33, P573 HCAPLUS
- (14) Crawley, J; Trends Neurosci 1989, V12, P278 HCAPLUS
- (15) Croog, S; N Engl J Med 1986, V314, P1657 MEDLINE
- (16) de Gasparo, M; Hypertension 1995, V25, P924 MEDLINE
- (17) Decker, M; Brain Res 1987, V417, P59 HCAPLUS
- (18) Dennes, R; Psychopharmacology 1993, V111, P435 HCAPLUS
- (19) Denny, J; Brain Res 1991, V567, P321 HCAPLUS
- (20) Georgiev, V; Methods Find Exp Clin Pharmacol 1985, V7, P415 HCAPLUS
- (21) Haas, H; Cell Mol Neurobiol 1982, V2, P21 HCAPLUS

- (22) Hagan, J; Handbook of psychopharmacology:psychopharmacology of the aging nervous system 1988, V20, P217
- (23) Hagan, J; Psychopharmacology 1987, V93, P470 HCAPLUS
- (24) Hanesworth, J; J Pharmacol Exp Ther 1993, V266, P1036 HCAPLUS
- (25) Harding, J; Brain Res 1992, V583, P340 HCAPLUS
- (26) Introii, I; Behav Neural Biol 1984, V41, P152
- (27) Itoh, J; Psychopharmacology 1990, V101, P27 HCAPLUS
- (28) Iversen, S; Life Sci 1997, V60, P1145 HCAPLUS
- (29) Jacobs, R; Neurosci Lett 1985, V56, P347 MEDLINE
- (30) Kafetzopoulos, E; Psychopharmacology 1986, V90, P281 HCAPLUS
- (31) Marx, J; Science 1996, V273, P50 HCAPLUS
- (32) McNamara, R; Brain Res Rev 1992, V18, P33
- (33) Messing, R; Behav Neural Biol 1979, V27, P266 MEDLINE
- (34) Miller, W; J Pharmacol Exp Ther 1993, V266, P1718
- (35) Moeller, I; Brain Res 1996, V712, P307 HCAPLUS
- (36) Mondadori, C; Psychopharmacology 1990, V100, P301 HCAPLUS
- (37) Morgan, J; Science 1977, V196, P87 HCAPLUS
- (38) Nagel, J; Behav Neural Biol 1988, V49, P374 MEDLINE
- (39) Okaichi, H; Pharmacol Biochem Behav 1989, V34, P599 HCAPLUS
- (40) Olton, D; Psychopharmacology: the third generation of progress 1987, P941
- (41) Riekkinen, P; Brain Res 1995, V685, P46 HCAPLUS
- (42) Roberts, K; Brain Res 1995, V682, P13 HCAPLUS
- (43) Sardiia, M; Peptides 1993, V14, P949
- (44) Sardinia, M; Peptides 1994, V15, P1399 HCAPLUS
- (45) Schehr, R; Bio Technology 1994, V12, P140 MEDLINE
- (46) Sim, M; Biochem Pharmacol 1993, V45, P1524 HCAPLUS
- (47) Sim, M; Blood Pressure 1994, V3, P260 HCAPLUS
- (48) Steiner, S; J Human Hypertens 1990, V4, P217 MEDLINE
- (49) Swanson, G; Regul Pept 1992, V40, P409 HCAPLUS
- (50) Wayner, M; Pharmacol Biochem Behav 1993, V45, P455 HCAPLUS
- (51) Whishaw, I; Behav Neurosci 1985, V99, P979 MEDLINE
- (52) Wright, J; Brain Res Bull 1993, V32, P497 HCAPLUS
- (53) Wright, J; Brain Res Rev, in press 1997
- (54) Wright, J; Frontiers in Neuronedocrinology 1995, V16, P23 HCAPLUS
- (55) Wright, J; Neurosci Biobehav Rev 1994, V18, P21 HCAPLUS
- (56) Wright, J; Regul Pept 1995, V59, P269 HCAPLUS
- (57) Yonkov, D; Neuropeptides 1990, V16, P157 HCAPLUS
- (58) Zubenko, G; Am J Psychiatry 1984, V141, P110 MEDLINE
- (59) Zubenko, G; Brain Res 1985, V328, P215 HCAPLUS
- IT 154272-72-7, [Nle1,Ile3]-Angiotensin IV

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(angiotensin IV analog attenuation of scopolamine-induced spatial learning impairment in rats)

- RN 154272-72-7 HCAPLUS
- CN Angiotensin IV, 1-L-norleucine-3-L-isoleucine- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L40 ANSWER 8 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1997:616841 HCAPLUS

DN 127:288555

ED Entered STN: 27 Sep 1997

TI The AT4 receptor agonist [Nle1]-angiotensin IV reduces mechanically induced immediate-early gene expression in the isolated rabbit heart

AU Yang, Qinglin; Hanesworth, Jodie M.; Harding, Joseph W.; Slinker, Bryan K.

CS Department of Veterinary and Comparative Anatomy, Pharmacology and Physiology, Washington State University, Pullman, WA, 99164-6520, USA

SO Regulatory Peptides (1997), 71(3), 175-183 CODEN: REPPDY; ISSN: 0167-0115

PB Elsevier

DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-10 (Mammalian Hormones)

AΒ Angiotensin II (ANG II), acting principally at the AT1 receptor, modulates mech.-induced cardiac growth. The ANG II metabolite Angiotensin IV (ANG IV) has been shown to inhibit ANG II-induced mRNA and protein synthesis in chick cardiomyocytes. This effect did not involve the AT1 receptor, but was likely an action at the AT4 receptor. To determine if ANG IV also modulates a mech.-induced cardiac growth response, we studied the effects of two AT4 receptor ligands, [Nle1]-ANG IV and [divalinal] - ANG IV, on mech. - induced immediate - early gene expression (c-fos, egr-1, and c-jun) in the buffer perfused (30°), ejecting, isolated rabbit heart. Mech. load alone (high systolic pressure and high end-diastolic volume) induced approx. 23-, 49- and 5-fold increases in c-fos, egr-1 and c-jun mRNA (in comparison to control hearts). Perfusion with [Nle1]-ANG IV (10-10 mol/l) reduced the mech.-induced expression of c-fos and egr-1 by 42% and 48%, resp. Mech.-induced c-jun expression was. not significantly reduced. Perfusion with [divalinal]-ANG IV (10-8 mol/1) had no effect on mech.-induced immediate-early gene expression. conclude that AT4 receptor agonism influences mech. immediate-early gene expression, and propose the hypothesis that AT1 and AT4 receptors initiate opposing effects on mech.-induced immediate-early gene expression in the isolated rabbit left ventricle.

ST AT4 receptor immediate early gene expression; angiotensin IV

immediate early gene heart TΤ Heart (AT4 receptor agonist [Nle1] -angiotensin IV reduces mech. induced immediate-early gene expression in isolated rabbit heart) IT Angiotensin receptors RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (AT4 receptor; AT4 receptor agonist [Nle1]-angiotensin IV reduces mech. induced immediate-early gene expression in isolated rabbit heart) ΙT Gene, animal RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (Egr-1; AT4 receptor agonist [Nle1] -angiotensin IV reduces mech. induced immediate-early gene expression in isolated rabbit heart) IT Gene, animal RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (c-fos; AT4 receptor agonist [Nle1]-angiotensin IV reduces mech. induced immediate-early gene expression in isolated rabbit heart) IT Gene, animal RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (c-jun; AT4 receptor agonist [Nle1]-angiotensin IV reduces mech. induced immediate-early gene expression in isolated rabbit heart) IT (expression; AT4 receptor agonist [Nle1]-angiotensin IV reduces mech. induced immediate-early gene expression in isolated rabbit heart) IT Gene, animal RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (immediate early; AT4 receptor agonist [Nle1]-angiotensin IV reduces mech. induced immediate-early gene expression in isolated rabbit heart) 12676-15-2, Angiotensin IV 154272-72-7 184866-76-0 TT RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (AT4 receptor agonist [Nle1] -angiotensin IV reduces mech. induced immediate-early gene expression in isolated rabbit heart) RE.CNT THERE ARE 52 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD (1) Ausubel, F; Current Protocols in Molecular Biology 1994 (2) Baker, K; Am J Physiol 1990, V259, PH610 HCAPLUS (3) Baker, K; Ann Rev Physiol 1992, V54, P227 HCAPLUS (4) Baker, K; Circ Res 1984, V54, P286 HCAPLUS (5) Bernier, S; Europ J Pharmacol 1995, V291, P191 HCAPLUS (6) Bishopric, N; J Biol Chem 1992, V267, P25535 HCAPLUS (7) Braszko, J; Neurosci 1988, V27, P777 MEDLINE (8) Campbell, K; Am J Physiol 1992, V262, PH1631 MEDLINE (9) Chaki, S; Biochem Biophys Res Comm 1992, V182, P388 HCAPLUS (10) Dostal, D; Am J Hypertens 1992, V5, P276 HCAPLUS (11) Dzau, V; Circulation 1994, V89, P493 MEDLINE

- (13) Haberl, R; Circ Res 1991, V68, P1621 HCAPLUS (14) Hall, K; Regul Pept 1993, V44, P225 HCAPLUS (15) Hall, K; Regul Pept 1995, V58, P107 HCAPLUS
- (16) Hanesworth, J; J Pharmacol Expt Therap 1993, V266, P1036 HCAPLUS
- (17) Harding, J; Brain Res 1992, V583, P340 HCAPLUS

(12) Gupta, M; J Biol Chem 1991, V266, P12813 HCAPLUS

- (18) Kerins, D; J Clin Invest 1995, V96, P2515 HCAPLUS
- (19) Kirkpatrick, R; Am J Physiol 1991, V260, PH1003 MEDLINE
- (20) Komuro, I; Ann Rev Physiol 1993, V55, P55 HCAPLUS
- (21) Kovacic-Milivojevic, B; Mol Cell Biol 1992, V12, P292 MEDLINE
- (22) Krebs, L; Regul Pept 1996, V67, P123 HCAPLUS
- (23) Lin, A; Advances In Second Messenger and Phosphoprotein Research 1993, V28, P255 HCAPLUS
- (24) Lindpaintner, K; Circ Res 1991, V68, P905 HCAPLUS
- (25) McDermott, P; Circ Res 1989, V64, P542 MEDLINE
- (26) Miller-Wing, A; J Pharmacol Expt Therap 1993, V266, P1718 HCAPLUS
- (27) Morgan, H; Circulation 1991, V83, P13 MEDLINE
- (28) Neyses, L; Biochem Biophys Res Comm 1991, V181, P22 HCAPLUS
- (29) Neyses, L; J Hypertens 1992, V10, P1447 MEDLINE
- (30) Pederson, E; Soc Neurosci Abs 1996, V22, P435
- (31) Robbins, R; Am J Physiol 1992, V262, PH590 HCAPLUS
- (32) Rogg, H; Biochem Biophys Res Comm 1990, V173, P416 HCAPLUS
- (33) Sadoshima, J; Cell 1993, V75, P977 HCAPLUS
- (34) Sadoshima, J; Circ Res 1993, V73, P413 HCAPLUS
- (35) Samarel, A; Am J Physiol 1991, V261, PH1067 HCAPLUS
- (36) Sardinia, M; Peptides 1994, V15, P1399 HCAPLUS
- (37) Schneider, M; Mol Biol Med 1991, V8, P167 HCAPLUS
- (38) Schunkert, H; Circ Res 1995, V76, P489 HCAPLUS
- (39) Schunkert, H; Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 1993, V88, P11480
- (40) Sharp, W; Circ Res 1993, V73, P172 HCAPLUS
- (41) Simpson, P; Am J Cardiol 1988, V62, P13G MEDLINE
- (42) Slinker, B; J Mol Cell Cardiol 1996, V28, P1565 HCAPLUS
- (43) Song, L; Brain Res 1997, V744, P1 HCAPLUS
- (44) Stubley-Weatherly, L; Soc Neurosci Abs 1996, V22, P679
- (45) Swanson, G; Regul Pept 1992, V40, P409 HCAPLUS
- (46) Vandenburgh, H; Am J Physiol 1992, V262, PR350 HCAPLUS
- (47) Wang, J; Endocrinology 1995, V136, P5274 HCAPLUS
- (48) Wang, L; Clin Sci Colchester 1995, V88, P557 HCAPLUS
- (49) Wright, J; Brain Res Bull 1993, V32, P497 HCAPLUS
- (50) Wright, J; Regul Pept 1995, V59, P269 HCAPLUS
- (51) Yamazaki, T; Circ Res 1995, V77, P258 HCAPLUS
- (52) Yang, Q; J Mol Cell Cardiol 1996, V28, PA167
- IT 154272-72-7
 - RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 - (AT4 receptor agonist [Nle1] -angiotensin IV reduces mech.
 - induced immediate-early gene expression in isolated rabbit heart)
- RN 154272-72-7 HCAPLUS
- CN Angiotensin IV, 1-L-norleucine-3-L-isoleucine- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
ANSWER 9 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L40
AN
     1997:384287 HCAPLUS
DN
     127:1228
ED
     Entered STN: 20 Jun 1997
TI
     Angiotensin IV and analogs as regulators of fibrinolysis
IN
     Vaughan, Douglas E.; Harding, Joseph W.
PA
     Brigham and Women's Hospital, USA; Washington State University Research
     Foundation
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 64 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A61K038-00
     ICS A61K038-04; A01N037-18; C07K007-06; C07K007-14
CC
     2-10 (Mammalian Hormones)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                DATE
                                                                   DATE
     _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
                         ----
                                _____
                                            ------
     WO 9716201
                         A1
PΙ
                                19970509
                                           WO 1996-US13804
                                                                   19960827 <--
         W: AU, CA, JP
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
     AU 9668617
                         A1
                                19970522
                                          AU 1996-68617
                                                                   19960827 <--
PRAI US 1995-550174
                          Α
                                19951030
                                         <--
     WO 1996-US13804
                          W
                                19960827 <--
CLASS
 PATENT NO.
                 CLASS
                       PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
                 ____
                        ______
 WO 9716201
                 ICM
                       A61K038-00
                 ICS
                       A61K038-04; A01N037-18; C07K007-06; C07K007-14
 WO 9716201
                 ECLA
                       A61K038/08A; A61K038/55; C07K005/08A1; C07K005/08H1;
                       C07K007/14; C07K016/26
AB
     Angiotensin IV (VAL-TYR-ILE-HIS-PRO-PHE), a degradation product of
     angiotensin II previously thought to be inactive, interacts
     directly with endothelial cells to induce expression of PAI-1 and thereby
     to inhibit clot lysis attributable to endogenous t-PA. Moreover,
     angiotensin IV does not effect substantial physiol. changes
     (vasoconstriction, increased blood pressure, etc.) characteristic of
```

```
angiotensin II. Fibrinolysis is promoted by reducing the amount or
     the effect of angiotensin IV. Fibrinolysis is inhibited by
     providing enhanced angiotensin IV. Methods of screening
     candidates for antagonizing angiotensin IV are also disclosed.
ST
     angiotensin IV analog fibrinolysis regulator
IT
     Hemophilia
        (A; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or inhibitors of
        fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
     Hemophilia
IT
        (B; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or inhibitors of
        fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
TΤ
     Liver, disease
     Myeloproliferative disorders
     Neoplasm
     Von Willebrand's disease
        (angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or inhibitors of
        fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
IT
     Fibrinolytics
        (angiotensin IV and analogs as regulators of fibrinolysis)
IT
     Antibodies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (angiotensin IV antibody or Fab fragment derived from the
        antibody as regulators of fibrinolysis)
IT
     Heart, disease
        (cardiomyopathy; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or
        inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
IT
     Brain, disease
        (cerebrovascular; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or
        inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
IT
     Anticoaqulants
        (circulating and inherited defects in natural coaquiation inhibitors;
        angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or inhibitors of
        fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
IT
     Fibrinogens
     RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
     BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
        (deficiency; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or
        inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
TΤ
     Platelet (blood)
     Platelet (blood)
        (disease; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or
        inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
IT
     Blood coagulation
        (disorder; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or
        inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
ΙT
     Fibrinogens
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
        (dysfibrinogenemia; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters
        or inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
TΥ
    Blood vessel
        (endothelium; angiotensin IV inhibits clot lysis attributable
        to t-PA by interacting with endothelial cells to induce expression of
        PAI-1 fibrinolysis)
IT
    Heart, disease
        (failure, chronic; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or
        inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
    Heart, disease
IT
        (infarction; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or
```

```
inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
IT
    Neoplasm
        (metastasis; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or
        inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
IT
     Contraceptives
        (oral, treatment; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or
        inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
TT
    Hemophilia
        (parahemophilia; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or
        inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
IT
     Prosthetic materials and Prosthetics
     Transplant and Transplantation
        (post-surgical maintenance; angiotensin IV and analogs as
        promoters or inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical
        conditions)
     Fibrinolysis
TТ
        (promoters; angiotensin IV and analogs as regulators of
        fibrinolysis)
IT
     Platelet (blood)
        (thrombocytopenia; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or
        inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
IT
     Embolism
        (thromboembolism; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or
        inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
IT
        (trauma; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or
        inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
TΤ
     Surgery
        (undesired clotting; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters
        or inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
IT
     190140-89-7P
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (angiotensin IV and analogs as regulators of fibrinolysis)
IT
     12676-15-2, Angiotensin IV
                                 12676-15-2D, Angiotensin
     IV, analogs
                  151896-03-6
                                 160039-53-2
                                               187465-57-2
                                                              187465-62-9
     187465-63-0
                   190140-83-1
                                 190140-84-2
                                               190140-85-3
                                                             190140-86-4
     190140-87-5
                   190140-88-6
                                 190140-90-0 190140-91-1
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (angiotensin IV and analogs as regulators of fibrinolysis)
IT
    79069-51-5
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (angiotensin IV and analogs as regulators of fibrinolysis)
IT
     139639-23-9, Tissue plasminogen activator
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (angiotensin IV inhibits clot lysis attributable to t-PA by
        interacting with endothelial cells to induce expression of PAI-1
        fibrinolysis)
IT
     140208-23-7
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL
     (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)
        (angiotensin IV inhibits clot lysis attributable to t-PA by
        interacting with endothelial cells to induce expression of PAI-1
        fibrinolysis)
IT
    105913-11-9, Plasminogen activator
    RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological
```

```
study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PROC
     (Process)
        (defective release or diminished venous content; angiotensin
        IV and analogs as promoters or inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety
        of medical conditions)
ΙT
     9001-25-6, Blood coagulation factor VII
                                               9001-26-7, Prothrombin
     9001-29-0, Stuart-Prower factor
                                       9001-30-3, Hageman factor
     Plasma Thromboplastin antecedent
                                        81604-65-1, Heparin cofactor II
     RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
     BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
        (deficiency; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or
        inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
ΙT
     9001-90-5, Plasmin
     RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
     BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
        (dysplasminogenemia; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters
        or inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
IT
     105844-41-5, PAI
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (excessive release; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters
        or inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
IT
     462-10-2
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
        (homocystinuria; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or
        inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
IT
     9054-63-1, Aminopeptidase M
                                  9074-83-3, Aminopeptidase A
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (inhibitors; use as promoters of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical
        conditions)
     9015-68-3, L-Asparaginase
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (treatment; angiotensin IV and analogs as promoters or
        inhibitors of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
     67655-94-1, Amastatin
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (use as promoter of fibrinolysis in a variety of medical conditions)
IT
     11128-99-7, Angiotensin II
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (use of compds. that inhibit the conversion of angiotensin II
        to angiotensin IV as promoters of fibrinolysis)
IT
     190140-91-1
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (angiotensin IV and analogs as regulators of fibrinolysis)
RN
     190140-91-1 HCAPLUS
CN
    L-Isoleucinamide, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl-N-(6-aminohexyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX
    NAME)
```

```
L40
    ANSWER 10 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     1997:204190 HCAPLUS
DN
     126:186379
ED
     Entered STN: 28 Mar 1997
ΤI
     Preparation of peptide derivatives as angiotensin IV receptor
IN
     Kobori, Takeo; Goda, Kenichi; Sugimoto, Kikuo; Ota, Tomomi; Tomisawa,
     Kazuyuki
PA
     Sagami Chemical Research Center, Japan; Taisho Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 78 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
IC
     ICM C07K005-062
     ICS C07K005-083; C07K005-087; C07K005-09; C07K005-097; C07K005-023;
         A61K038-05; A61K038-06
CC
     34-3 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)
     Section cross-reference(s): 1
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                 DATE
     -----
                        ----
                               -----
                                           -----
PΙ
     WO 9703093
                         A1
                               19970130
                                          WO 1996-JP1836
                                                                 19960703 <--
        W: AU, CA, CN, JP, KR, US
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
     CA 2226303
                         AA
                               19970130
                                         CA 1996-2226303
                                                                 19960703 <--
    AU 9663179
                         A1
                               19970210
                                          AU 1996-63179
                                                                 19960703 <--
     EP 838471
                         A1
                               19980429
                                          EP 1996-922208
                                                                 19960703 <--
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, FI
     CN 1192746
                         Α
                               19980909
                                          CN 1996-196131
                                                                 19960703 <--
PRAI JP 1995-171251
                         Α
                               19950707
                                         <--
                               19951005 <--
     JP 1995-258635
                         A
    WO 1996-JP1836
                         W
                               19960703 <--
CLASS
PATENT NO.
                CLASS
                       PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
                       ------
 -----
                ____
WO 9703093
                ICM
                       C07K005-062
                ICS
                       C07K005-083; C07K005-087; C07K005-09; C07K005-097;
                       C07K005-023; A61K038-05; A61K038-06
WO 9703093
                ECLA
                       C07K005/02A; C07K005/06A1; C07K005/08A2; C07K005/08A1;
                       C07K005/08B; C07K005/08H
                                                                          <--
EP 838471
                ECLA
                       C07K005/02A
                                                                          <--
OS
    MARPAT 126:186379
AB
    The title compds. R1NH(CH2)nCHR2CONHCHR3CONHCR4R5R6 [R1 = H, alky1; R2 =
```

ST

IT

IT

IT

IT

```
H, (un)substituted alkyl, etc.; or R1R2 = (un)substituted alkylene; R3 =
(un) substituted alkyl, etc.; R4 = H, (un) substituted alkyl, etc.; R5 = H,
(un) substituted alkyl, etc.; R6 = H, (un) substituted alkyl, etc; n = 0 -
3] are prepared The title compds. function as angiotensin IV
receptor agonists even in a low concentration and so are useful as a remedy for
various diseases wherein angiotensin IV participates. In a test
for affinity for the angiotensin IV receptor,
L-valyl-L-tyrosyl-N-(diphenylmethyl)-L-isoleucinamide in vitro showed IC50
of 38.3 nM.
angiotensin receptor agonist prepn peptide
Ischemia
   (preparation of peptide derivs. as angiotensin IV receptor
   agonists with effect on ischemia)
Receptors
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MSC (Miscellaneous); BIOL
(Biological study)
   (preparation of peptide derivs. with effect on angiotensin IV
   receptor)
187677-44-7P
               187677-45-8P
                              187677-46-9P
                                             187677-47-0P
                                                             187677-48-1P
187677-49-2P
               187677-50-5P
                              187677-51-6P
                                             187677-52-7P
                                                             187677-53-8P
187677-54-9P
               187677-55-0P
                              187677-56-1P
                                             187677-57-2P
                                                             187677-58-3P
187677-59-4P
               187677-60-7P
                              187677-61-8P 187677-62-9P
187677-63-0P
               187677-64-1P
                              187677-65-2P
                                             187677-66-3P
                                                             187677-67-4P
                                             187677-71-0P
187677-68-5P
               187677-69-6P
                              187677-70-9P
187677-72-1P
               187677-73-2P
                              187677-74-3P
                                             187677-75-4P
                                                             187677-76-5P
187677-77-6P
               187677-78-7P 187677-79-8P
                                           187677-80-1P
187677-81-2P
               187677-82-3P
                              187677-83-4P
                                                             187677-85-6P
                                             187677-84-5P
187677-86-7P
               187677-87-8P
                              187677-88-9P
                                             187677-89-0P
                                                             187677-90-3P
                                             187677-94-7P
187677-91-4P
               187677-92-5P
                              187677-93-6P
                                                             187677-95-8P
187677-96-9P
               187677-97-0P
                              187677-98-1P
                                             187677-99-2P
                                                             187678-00-8P
187678-01-9P
               187678-02-0P
                              187678-03-1P
                                             187678-04-2P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
   (preparation of peptide derivs. as angiotensin IV receptor
   agonists)
51-65-0, 4-Fluoro-DL-phenylalanine
                                     59-92-7, 3,4-Dihydroxy-L-
phenylalanine, reactions 60-32-2, 6-Aminohexanoic acid
2-Phenylethylamine
                     77-78-1, Dimethyl sulfate
                                                 91-00-9,
                     100-46-9, Benzylamine, reactions
                                                         100-51-6, Benzyl
Diphenylmethylamine
alcohol, reactions
                    104-84-7, 4-Methylbenzylamine
                                                     124-68-5,
                             141-43-5, reactions
2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol
2-(4-Chlorophenyl)ethylamine
                               622-33-3, O-Benzylhydroxylamine
                                                                  712-76-5,
[1,1'-Biphenyl]-4-methanamine
                               862-26-0
                                           949-99-5, 4-Nitro-L-
               1161-13-3, N-(Benzyloxycarbonyl)-L-phenylalanine
1164-16-5, N-(Benzyloxycarbonyl)-L-tyrosine
                                              1449-46-3,
Benzyltriphenylphosphonium bromide
                                    1530-37-6, 4-
Methylbenzyltriphenylphosphonium chloride
                                            2018-66-8,
N-(Benzyloxycarbonyl)-L-leucine
                                  2627-86-3, (S)-1-Phenylethylamine
3160-59-6, N-(Benzyloxycarbonyl)-L-isoleucine
                                               3182-95-4
                                                             3392-08-3
3392-10-7
            3392-11-8
                        3392-12-9
                                    3417-91-2, Tyrosine methyl ester
hydrochloride
                3674-06-4
                            3845-64-5
                                        3886-69-9
                                                    3963-62-0,
2,2-Diphenylethylamine
                         4083-57-2, 3-Amino-2,4-dimethylpentane
4427-29-6, O-2-Propylhydroxylamine
                                     6404-28-0, N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-L-
norleucine
             7533-40-6
                         13139-16-7, N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-L-isoleucine
13650-73-2
             13734-41-3, N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-L-valine
                                                            14173-39-8,
4-Chloro-L-phenylalanine
                           16652-75-8
                                        16751-59-0, 4-Aminoheptane
16947-82-3
             18598-74-8, Isoleucine methyl ester hydrochloride
20866-56-2
             20898-44-6
                          24424-99-5, tert-Butyl dicarbonate
32703-87-0
             36360-61-9
                          42918-86-5
                                       53587-11-4
                                                    59408-74-1
```

```
87176-71-4
                  90970-61-9
                                106946-74-1
                                              108233-37-0
                                                            129253-02-7
     139519-25-8
                   187679-10-3
                                  187679-20-5
                                                187679-25-0
                                                              187679-26-1
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of peptide derivs. as angiotensin IV receptor
        agonists)
IT
     5514-99-8P
                  30033-24-0P
                                 33305-77-0P
                                               33905-02-1P
                                                              37941-60-9P
     60668-72-6P
                   64699-09-8P
                                  75957-53-8P
                                                77456-95-2P
                                                              87694-55-1P
     120369-37-1P
                    123709-00-2P
                                    148534-41-2P
                                                   149603-83-8P
                                                                   154128-82-2P
     156924-92-4P
                    157325-01-4P
                                    157325-02-5P
                                                   173899-73-5P
                                                                   176844-79-4P
     176844-89-6P
                    187678-05-3P
                                    187678-06-4P
                                                   187678-07-5P
                                                                   187678-08-6P
     187678-09-7P
                    187678-10-0P
                                    187678-11-1P
                                                   187678-12-2P
                                                                   187678-13-3P
     187678-14-4P
                    187678-15-5P
                                    187678-16-6P
                                                   187678-17-7P
                                                                   187678-18-8P
     187678-19-9P
                    187678-20-2P
                                    187678-21-3P
                                                   187678-22-4P
                                                                   187678-23-5P
     187678-24-6P
                    187678-25-7P
                                    187678-26-8P
                                                   187678-27-9P
                                                                   187678-28-0P
     187678-29-1P
                    187678-30-4P
                                    187678-31-5P
                                                   187678-32-6P
                                                                   187678-33-7P
     187678-34-8P 187678-36-0P
                                  187678-38-2P
                                                 187678-40-6P
     187678-42-8P
                    187678-44-0P
                                    187678-46-2P
                                                   187678-48-4P
                                                                   187678-50-8P
     187678-52-0P
                    187678-54-2P
                                    187678-56-4P
                                                   187678-58-6P
                                                                   187678-60-0P
     187678-62-2P
                    187678-63-3P
                                    187678-64-4P
                                                   187678-65-5P
                                                                   187678-66-6P
     187678-67-7P 187678-68-8P
                                  187678-69-9P
                                                 187678-70-2P
     187678-71-3P
                    187678-72-4P
                                    187678-73-5P
                                                   187678-74-6P
                                                                   187678-75-7P
     187678-76-8P
                    187678-77-9P
                                    187678-79-1P
                                                   187678-81-5P
                                                                   187678-83-7P
     187678-86-0P
                    187678-89-3P
                                    187678-93-9P
                                                   187678-95-1P
                                                                   187678-97-3P
     187679-01-2P
                    187679-03-4P
                                    187679-06-7P
                                                   187679-08-9P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of peptide derivs. as angiotensin IV receptor
        agonists)
IT
     12676-15-2, Angiotensin IV
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (preparation of peptide derivs. as angiotensin IV receptor
        agonists with effect on ischemia)
IT
     187679-27-2
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of peptide derivs. as angiotensin IV receptor
        agonists with effect on ischemia)
TТ
     187677-62-9P 187677-68-5P 187677-79-8P
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of peptide derivs. as angiotensin IV receptor
        agonists)
RN
     187677-62-9 HCAPLUS
CN
     L-Leucinamide, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)-, monohydrochloride
            (CA INDEX NAME)
```

● HCl

RN 187677-68-5 HCAPLUS

CN L-Isoleucinamide, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl-N-(phenylmethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

RN 187677-79-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Leucinamide, L-norleucyl-3-hydroxy-L-tyrosyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HCl

IT 187678-36-0P 187678-68-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of peptide derivs. as **angiotensin** IV receptor agonists)

RN 187678-36-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Leucinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl-N-(2phenylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 187678-68-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Leucinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-norleucyl-3-hydroxy-L-tyrosyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L40 ANSWER 11 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1996:347719 HCAPLUS

DN 125:77271

ED Entered STN: 15 Jun 1996

TI Pharmacological characterization of a specific binding site for angiotensin IV in cultured porcine aortic endothelial cells

AU Riva, Laurence; Galzin, Anne-Marie

CS Department of Cardiovascular Research, Synthelabo Recherche (LERS), 31 Avenue Paul-Vaillant Couturier, BP 110, 92225, Bagneux, Fr.

SO European Journal of Pharmacology (1996), 305(1-3), 193-199 CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999

PB Elsevier

DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-10 (Mammalian Hormones)

This study demonstrated the existence of a specific binding site for AB angiotensin IV in porcine aortic endothelial cells. Non-equilibrium kinetic analyses at 37° allowed the calcn. of a kinetic Kd of 0.44 nM. Pseudo-equilibrium saturation binding studies at 37° for 90 min indicated the presence of a single high-affinity site (Kd = 3.87 nM), saturable and abundant (Bmax = 9.64 pmol/mg protein). Competitive binding studies demonstrated the following rank order of effectiveness: angiotensin IV>angiotensin III>angiotensin II> angiotensin I>angiotensin II-(1-7), while losartan, PD 123177 or CGP 42112A were inactive at 100 μ M. This binding site is, therefore, distinct from angiotensin II receptors, AT1 and AT2. Addition of the divalent cations Mg2+, Mn2+ or Ca2+ to the incubation buffer resulted in 90-95% inhibition of the [125I] angiotensin IV-specific binding to porcine aortic endothelial cells. Furthermore, the chelator, EGTA, at 5 mM increased the number of binding sites (Bmax = 17.8 pmol/mg protein), with no change in affinity (Kd = 5.7 nM). Exposure of porcine aortic endothelial cell membranes to the non-hydrolyzable GTP analog, GTPyS, had no effect on [125I] angiotensin IV binding. The presence of a high concentration of binding sites for angiotensin IV in porcine aortic endothelial cells suggests that this peptide may play an important role in the modulation of the cardiovascular system.

ST angiotensin IV receptor aorta endothelium

IT Artery

(aorta, endothelium, pharmacol. characterization of specific binding site for angiotensin IV in cultured porcine aortic endothelial cells)

IT Cations

(divalent, pharmacol. characterization of specific binding site for angiotensin IV in cultured porcine aortic endothelial cells) IT 7439-95-4, Magnesium, biological studies 7439-96-5, Manganese, biological studies 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies Angiotensin I 9088-01-1 11128-99-7, Angiotensin-II 12676-15-2, Angiotensin IV 12687-51-3, Angiotensin 39386-80-6, Angiotensin II-(1-7) 154272-76-1 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (pharmacol. characterization of specific binding site for angiotensin IV in cultured porcine aortic endothelial cells) IT 154272-76-1 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (pharmacol. characterization of specific binding site for

angiotensin IV in cultured porcine aortic endothelial cells)

RN 154272-76-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Isoleucinamide, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 12 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L40

AN 1995:263965 HCAPLUS

DN 122:46717

ED Entered STN: 24 Dec 1994

TI AT4 receptor structure-binding relationship: N-terminal-modified angiotensin IV analogs

ΑU Sardinia, M. F.; Hanesworth, J. M.; Krishnan, F.; Harding, J. W.

CS Dep. Vet. Comparative Anatomy, Pharmacol., Physiol., Washington State Univ., Pullman, WA, 99164-6520, USA

SO Peptides (Tarrytown, New York) (1994), 15(8), 1399-406 CODEN: PPTDD5; ISSN: 0196-9781

PΒ Elsevier

DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-2 (Mammalian Hormones)

AB The effect of structural changes in the N-terminal amino acid of angiotensin IV (AIV), with respect to AT4 receptor binding, was examined by competition with [1251] AIV in bovine adrenal membranes. Analogs with modifications of the first residue α -amino group possessed lower affinities than the primary amine-containing parent compound Peptides with a residue 1 α -carbon in the D conformation exhibited poor affinity for the AT4 receptor. Modifications of the residue 1 R-group demonstrate that a straight chain aliphatic moiety containing 4 carbons is optimal for receptor-ligand binding, as evidenced by the extremely high

```
affinity of [Nle1] AIV (Ki = 3.59 pM). Replacement of the 1-2 peptide bond
     of AIV with the methylene bond isostere \psi (CH2-NH), increased the Ki
     approx. 5-fold, indicating that the peptide bond may be replaced while
     maintaining relatively high-affinity receptor binding.
ST
     AT4 receptor angiotensin structure activity
IT
     Receptors
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (angiotensin IV AT4, angiotensin IV AT4 receptor
        structure-binding relationships)
     Molecular structure-biological activity relationship
IT
        (receptor-binding, angiotensin IV AT4 receptor
        structure-binding relationships)
IT
                                  51988-76-2, N-Acetyl-[Ile3]-
     23025-68-5, Angiotensin IV
                      151896-03-6, [D-Val1, Ile3] -angiotensin
     angiotensin IV
     IV 154272-72-7, [Nle1, Ile3] -angiotensin IV
     154272-73-8, [Nval, Ile3] -angiotensin IV
                                                154272-74-9,
     [Orn1, Ile3] -angiotensin IV 154295-26-8, [Lys1, Ile3] -
                      160039-45-2, [Ile1, Ile3] -angiotensin IV
     angiotensin IV
                   160039-47-4, [2-Aminoheptanoyl1, Ile3]-angiotensin
     160039-46-3
          160039-48-5, [2,3-Diaminopropanoyl1, Ile3]-angiotensin IV
     160039-49-6, [2,4-Diaminobutanoyl1, Ile3]-angiotensin IV
     160039-50-9, [Asp1, Ile3] -angiotensin IV
                                                160039-51-0,
                                 160039-52-1, [Cys1,Ile3]-
     [Glu1, Ile3] -angiotensin IV
                     160039-53-2, [Ser1, Ile3] -angiotensin IV
     angiotensin IV
     160039-54-3, [Arg1,Ile3]-angiotensin IV
                                                160039-55-4,
     [Phe1, Ile3] -angiotensin IV 160039-56-5, [p-Amino-Phe1, Ile3] -
     angiotensin IV
                      160039-57-6, [N-\delta-Isobutanoyl-Orn1,Ile3]-
     angiotensin IV
                      160039-58-7, [N-\delta-Propanoyl-Orn1,Ile3]-
     angiotensin IV
                      160039-59-8, [N-\delta-Benzoyl-Orn1,Ile3]-
     angiotensin IV
                      160039-60-1, [N-\delta-Trimethylacetyl-
     Orn1, Ile3] -angiotensin IV
                                160039-61-2, N-Methyl-[Ile3]-
     angiotensin IV
                      160039-62-3, [N-Methyl-Ile1,Ile3]-
                      160039-63-4, [Pro1, Ile3]-angiotensin IV
     angiotensin IV
     160039-64-5, [Homopro1, Ile3] -angiotensin IV
                                                    160039-65-6,
     [6-Aminohexanoyl1, Ile3] -angiotensin IV 160039-66-7,
     [Hexanoyl1, Ile3] -angiotensin IV
                                       160039-67-8, [GABA1,Ile3]-
     angiotensin IV 160039-68-9, [D-Nle1, Ile3] -
     angiotensin IV
                      160039-69-0
                                     160039-70-3
                                                   160039-71-4
     160039-72-5
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP
     (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (angiotensin IV AT4 receptor structure-binding relationships)
IT
     154272-72-7, [Nle1, Ile3] -angiotensin IV
     160039-68-9, [D-Nle1, Ile3] -angiotensin IV
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP
     (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (angiotensin IV AT4 receptor structure-binding relationships)
RN
     154272-72-7 HCAPLUS
CN
     Angiotensin IV, 1-L-norleucine-3-L-isoleucine- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

RN160039-68-9 HCAPLUS

Angiotensin II, 1-de-L-aspartic acid-2-de-L-arginine-3-D-norleucine-5-L-CNisoleucine- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L40 ANSWER 13 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1994:237098 HCAPLUS

DN 120:237098

ED Entered STN: 14 May 1994

TI A receptor for the angiotensin processing product angiotensin IV

IN Harding, Joseph W.; Wright, John W.

Washington State University Research Foundation, USA PA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 108 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DTPatent

LA English

IC ICM C07K013-00

ICS C07K003-12; C07K015-28

CC 2-10 (Mammalian Hormones)

Section cross-reference(s): 1

```
FAN.CNT 2
    PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                              DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO.
                                                              DATE
                      ----
    -----
                                         -----
                              -----
                                                               -----
    WO 9400492
                              19940106 WO 1993-US6038 19930624 <--
PΙ
                       A1
        W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP,
            KR, KZ, LK, LU, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE,
            SK, UA, US, VN
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE,
            BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                              19940124 AU 1993-46492
    AU 9346492
                        A1
                                                               19930624 <--
    ZA 9304536
                        Α
                              19940203
                                       ZA 1993-4536
                                                               19930624 <--
                              19950412 EP 1993-916733
    EP 647239
                        A1
                                                              19930624 <--
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
    US 5854388
                    Α
                              19981229
                                       US 1994-360784
                                                              19941222 <--
PRAI US 1992-906396
                        A2
                              19920624 <--
    WO 1993-US6038
                        Α
                              19930624 <--
              CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 ______
              ICM
                      C07K013-00
               ICS
                      C07K003-12; C07K015-28
US 5854388
               NCL
                      530/329.000; 436/548.000; 514/017.000; 514/018.000;
                      530/330.000; 530/331.000; 530/387.200; 530/387.900;
                      530/388.240
                ECLA
                      C07K005/10A1B; C07K007/14; C07K014/72
                                                                        <--
os
    MARPAT 120:237098
AB
    A receptor specific for angiotensin 4 (AT4), the N-terminal
    hexapeptide of Angiotensin II (VYIHPF) is described. AIV binds
    saturably, reversibly, specifically, and with high affinity to membrane
    AT4 receptors in a variety of tissues, including heart, lung, kidney,
    aorta, brain, liver, and uterus, from many animal species. The AT4
    receptor is pharmacol. distinct from classic angiotensin
    receptors (AT1 or AT2). The system employs AIV or C-terminally truncated
    or extended AIV-like peptides (e.g. VYIHPFX) as the signaling agent, and
    the AT4 plasma membrane receptor as the detection mechanism. The
    angiotensin AT4 receptor and receptor fragments (including the
    receptor binding site domain) can bind a VYIHPF angiotensin AIV
    N-terminal peptide but not an angiotensin AII or AIII N-terminal
    peptide, i.e., DRVYIHPF or RVYIHPF. Methods for isolating
    angiotensin AT4 receptor and AIV angiotensinase,
    identifying angiotensin AIV agonists and antagonists, and
    constructing diagnostic assays to specifically measure AIV and AI-specific
    angiotensinase in biol. fluids are also described. Specificity of
    binding of the receptor (bovine adrenal cortex) and ligand was
    demonstrated by competition expts. and competition expts. were also used
    to identify functionally important residues. The Kd of the complex was
    5.06\pm0.57+10-10 M with a Bmax of 87.9\pm9.7 fmol ligand/mg
    protein and a Hill coefficient of 0.995±0.039. The receptor has properties
    consistent with those of a member of the tyrosine kinase of growth factor
    receptors.
ST
    angiotensin IV receptor AT4
    Adrenal gland, composition
IT
    Adrenal medulla
    Brain, composition
    Liver, composition
    Lung, composition
    Uterus, composition
       (angiotensin IV receptor AT4 receptor in)
IT
    Kidney, metabolism
```

(blood flow in, stimulation of, angiotensin IV receptor

```
ligands for)
     Heart
TΤ
        (cardiocyte growth in, stimulation of, angiotensin IV
        receptor ligands for)
IT
     Immunoassay
        (for angiotensin IV)
IT
     Molecular structure-biological activity relationship
        (for binding of angiotensin to AT4 receptor)
IT
     Catecholamines
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (release from adrenal medullary cells of, modulation of,
        angiotensin IV receptor ligands for)
IT
     Learning
     Memory, biological
        (stimulation of, angiotensin IV receptor ligands for)
IT
     Antibodies
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (to angiotensin IV or cognate receptor)
IT
     Receptors
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (angiotensin IV AT4, identification and characterization of,
        physiol. role of, as member of tyrosine kinase family)
IT
     Artery, composition
        (aorta, angiotensin IV receptor AT4 receptor in)
IT
     Brain, composition
        (cerebellum, angiotensin IV receptor AT4 receptor in)
IT
     Blood vessel
        (endothelium, proliferation of, induction of, angiotensin IV
        receptor ligands for)
IT
     Brain, composition
        (habenula, angiotensin IV receptor AT4 receptor in)
IT
     Brain, composition
        (hippocampus, angiotensin IV receptor AT4 receptor in)
IT
     Brain, composition
        (prefrontal cortex, angiotensin IV receptor AT4 receptor in)
IT
     Muscle, metabolism
        (smooth, proliferation in vascular tissue of, inhibition of,
        angiotensin IV receptor ligands for)
IT
     Brain, composition
        (thalamus, angiotensin IV receptor AT4 receptor in)
ΙT
     52-39-1, Aldosterone
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (angiotensin II-mediated release of, inhibition of,
        angiotensin IV receptor ligands for)
IT
     60668-73-7
                122483-84-5
                               151341-79-6
                                              154272-69-2
                                                             154272-70-5
                               154272-73-8
     154272-71-6 154272-72-7
                                             154272-74-9
     154295-26-8
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (angiotensin IV receptor ligands containing)
ΙT
     23025-68-5D, Angiotensin IV, analogs
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (as receptor agonists and antagonists)
TТ
     37827-06-8
                  51833-69-3
                               51833-78-4 52530-60-6
                                                          59817-04-8
     75679-18-4
                  122483-84-5
                               124750-99-8, DuP753 125728-60-1
     127060-75-7, CGP42112A 151896-03-6 151896-04-7 151896-05-8
     151896-06-9
                   151896-07-0
                                 151896-08-1
                                               151896-09-2
                                                              151896-10-5
     151896-11-6 151896-12-7
                                 151923-88-5
                                               154272-71-6
                                                              154272-75-0
                               154272-78-3
     154272-76-1 154272-77-2
                                            154272-79-4
     154295-27-9
                   154295-28-0
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
```

(binding to **angiotensin** IV receptor of, structural requirements for receptor binding in relation to)

IT 11128-99-7, Angiotensin II 12687-51-3, Angiotensin

III

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(inhibition of actions induced by, angiotensin IV receptor liquids for)

IT 90880-94-7P, Endothelium-derived relaxing factor

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(manufacture in endothelial cells of, stimulation of, angiotensin IV receptor ligands for)

IT 23025-68-5, Angiotensin IV

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(receptor for, identification and characterization of, physiol. role of)

IT 23025-68-5

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(receptor for, identification and characterization of, physiol. role of, derivs. as receptor ligands in relation to)

IT 154272-72-7

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(angiotensin IV receptor ligands containing)

RN 154272-72-7 HCAPLUS

CN Angiotensin IV, 1-L-norleucine-3-L-isoleucine- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 154272-76-1 154272-77-2

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(binding to angiotensin IV receptor of, structural requirements for receptor binding in relation to)

RN 154272-76-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Isoleucinamide, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 154272-77-2 HCAPLUS CN L-Isoleucine, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

=> fil uspatful FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 13:12:52 ON 29 JUL 2005 CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE COVERS 1971 TO PATENT PUBLICATION DATE: 28 Jul 2005 (20050728/PD)
FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 Jul 2005 (20050728/ED)
HIGHEST GRANTED PATENT NUMBER: US6922846
HIGHEST APPLICATION PUBLICATION NUMBER: US2005166296
CA INDEXING IS CURRENT THROUGH 28 Jul 2005 (20050728/UPCA)
ISSUE CLASS FIELDS (/INCL) CURRENT THROUGH: 28 Jul 2005 (20050728/PD)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Jun 2005
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Jun 2005

```
>>>
    USPAT2 is now available. USPATFULL contains full text of the
                                                                        <<<
>>>
    original, i.e., the earliest published granted patents or
                                                                        <<<
    applications. USPAT2 contains full text of the latest US
>>>
                                                                        <<<
    publications, starting in 2001, for the inventions covered in
                                                                        <<<
>>>
    USPATFULL. A USPATFULL record contains not only the original
                                                                        <<<
    published document but also a list of any subsequent
>>>
                                                                        <<<
    publications. The publication number, patent kind code, and
>>>
                                                                        <<<
    publication date for all the US publications for an invention
>>>
                                                                        <<<
    are displayed in the PI (Patent Information) field of USPATFULL
>>>
                                                                        <<<
>>>
    records and may be searched in standard search fields, e.g., /PN, <<<
>>> /PK, etc.
                                                                        <<<
```

```
>>> USPATFULL and USPAT2 can be accessed and searched together
>>> through the new cluster USPATALL. Type FILE USPATALL to
>>> enter this cluster.
>>>
>>> Use USPATALL when searching terms such as patent assignees,
>>> classifications, or claims, that may potentially change from
>>> the earliest to the latest publication.
```

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> => d 147 bib abs hitstr tot

```
L47 ANSWER 1 OF 2 USPATFULL on STN
       2000:15472 USPATFULL
AN
ΤI
      Methods of identifying agonists or antagonists of angiotensin IV
      Harding, Joseph W., Pullman, WA, United States
TN
       Wright, John W., Pullman, WA, United States
      Washington State University Research Foundation, Pullman, WA, United
PA
       States (U.S. corporation)
      US 6022696
                               20000208
PΙ
      US 1998-54308
ΑI
                               19980402 (9)
RLI
      Division of Ser. No. US 360784
DT
      Utility
FS
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Mertz, Prema; Assistant Examiner: Hamud, Fozia
      Christensen O'Connor Johnson & Kindness PLLC
LREP
CLMN
      Number of Claims: 7
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       28 Drawing Figure(s); 16 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 4234
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
      A unique and novel angiotensin AT4 receptor and AIV ligand system for
```

binding a small N-terminal hexapeptide fragment of Angiotensin II (referred to as AIV, with amino acid sequence Val.sub.1 -Tyr.sub.2 -Ile.sub.3 -His.sub.4 -Pro.sub.5 -Phe.sub.6; SEQ. ID. NO. 1) is disclosed. AIV ligand binds saturably, reversibly, specifically, and with high affinity to membrane AT4 receptors in a variety of tissues, including heart, lung, kidney, aorta, brain, liver, and uterus, from many animal species. The AT4 receptor is pharmacologically distinct from classic angiotensin receptors (AT1 or AT2). The system employs AIV or C-terminally truncated or extended AIV-like peptides (e.g., VYIHPFX; SEQ. ID. NO. 8) as the signaling agent, and the AT4 plasma membrane receptor as the detection mechanism. The angiotensin AT4 receptor and receptor fragments (including the receptor binding site domain) are capable of binding a VYIHPF (SEQ. ID. NO. 1) angiotensin AIV N-terminal peptide but not an angiotensin AII or AIII N-terminal peptide, i.e., DRVYIHPF (SEQ. ID. NO. 2) or RVYIHPF (SEQ. ID. NO. 3), respectively. Also disclosed are processes for isolating angiotensin AT4 receptor and AIV angioteninase, identifying angiotensin AIV agonists and antagonists, and constructing diagnostic assays to specifically measure AIV and AI-specific angiotensinase in biological fluids.

```
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
```

```
IT 154272-72-7 154272-76-1 154272-77-2
```

(methods of identifying agonists or antagonists of angiotensin IV)

RN 154272-72-7 USPATFULL

CN Angiotensin IV, 1-L-norleucine-3-L-isoleucine- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 154272-76-1 USPATFULL

CN L-Isoleucinamide, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 154272-77-2 USPATFULL

CN L-Isoleucine, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
L47
    ANSWER 2 OF 2 USPATFULL on STN
       1998:162647 USPATFULL
AN
ΤI
       Angiotensin IV peptides and receptor
IN
       Harding, Joseph W., Pullman, WA, United States
       Wright, John W., Pullman, WA, United States
PA
       Washington State University Research Foundation, Pullman, WA, United
       States (U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 5854388
                               19981229
       WO 9400492 19940106
ΑI
       US 1994-360784
                               19941222 (8)
       WO 1993-US6038
                               19930624
                               19941222 PCT 371 date
                               19941222 PCT 102(e) date
DT
       Utility
FS
       Granted
EXNAM
       Primary Examiner: Robinson, Douglas W.; Assistant Examiner: Harle,
LREP
       Christensen O'Connor Johnson & Kindness PLLC
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 14
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       28 Drawing Figure(s); 16 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 4073
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB
       A unique and novel angiotensin AT4 receptor and AIV ligand system for
       binding a small N-terminal hexapeptide fragment of Angiotensin. II
       (referred to as AIV, with amino acid sequence Val.sub.1 -Tyr.sub.2
       -Ile.sub.3 -His.sub.4 -Pro.sub.5 -Phe.sub.6 ; SEQ. ID. NO. 1) is
```

disclosed. AIV ligand binds saturably, reversibly, specifically, and with high affinity to membrane AT4 receptors in a variety of tissues, including heart, lung, kidney, aorta, brain, liver, and uterus, from many animal species. The AT4 receptor is pharmacologically distinct from classic angiotensin receptors (AT1 or AT2). The system employs AIV or C-terminally truncated or extended AIV-like peptides (e.g., VYIHPFX; SEQ. ID. NO. 8) as the signaling agent, and the AT4 plasma membrane receptor as the detection mechanism. The angiotensin AT4 receptor and receptor fragments (including the receptor binding site domain) are capable of binding a VYIHPF (SEQ. ID. NO. 1) angiotensin AIV N-terminal peptide but not an angiotensin AII or AIII N-terminal peptide, i.e., DRVYIHPF (SEQ. ID. NO. 2) or RVYIHPF (SEQ. ID. NO. 3), respectively. Also disclosed are processes for isolating angiotensin AT4 receptor and AIV angioteninase, identifying angiotensin AIV agonists and antagonists, and constructing diagnostic assays to specifically measure AIV and AI-specific angiotensinase in biological fluids.

```
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
IT 154272-72-7
```

(angiotensin IV receptor ligands containing)

RN 154272-72-7 USPATFULL

CN Angiotensin IV, 1-L-norleucine-3-L-isoleucine- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 154272-76-1 154272-77-2

(binding to angiotensin IV receptor of, structural requirements for receptor binding in relation to)

RN 154272-76-1 USPATFULL

CN L-Isoleucinamide, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 154272-77-2 USPATFULL

CN L-Isoleucine, L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)